PRICING SUPPLEMENT

The form of Pricing Supplement that will be issued in respect of each issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah which are not tendered through FAST or issued or offered on primary subscription basis (under a bought-deal or private placement arrangement) subject only to the deletion of non-applicable provisions, is set out below:

POINT ZONE (M) SDN BHD (Registration No. 200901036907 (880036-H))

ISLAMIC MEDIUM TERM NOTES ("SUSTAINABILITY SUKUK WAKALAH") UNDER A SUKUK WAKALAH PROGRAMME ("SUKUK WAKALAH PROGRAMME") OF RM3.0 BILLION IN NOMINAL VALUE TO BE GUARANTEED BY KPJ HEALTHCARE BERHAD

Series No: 2

Issue of RM555.0 Million in Nominal Value of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah

Joint Lead Manager(s)



Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad (Registration No. 197301000792 (14389-U)) HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad

(Registration No.

200801006421

(807705-X))

HSBC



Investment Bank

Maybank Investment Bank Berhad (Registration No. 197301002412 (15938-H)) OCBC AI-Amin Bank Berhad (Registration No. 200801017151 (818444-T))

🙆 освс Al-Amin

The Pricing Supplement is dated 8 March 2023

This document ("**Pricing Supplement**") is issued to give details of an issue of Islamic medium term notes based on the Shariah principle of Wakalah Bi Al-Istithmar ("**Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah**") by Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd (Registration No. 200901036907 (880036-H)) ("**Issuer**") under a Sukuk Wakalah programme ("**Sukuk Wakalah Programme**"), guaranteed by KPJ Healthcare Berhad (Registration No. 199201015575 (247079-M)).

This Pricing Supplement is to be read in conjunction with the terms and conditions of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah ("**Conditions**") set out in the Trust Deed dated 23 February 2022 made between the Issuer and Malaysian Trustees Berhad (Registration No. 197501000080 (21666-V)) as the sukuk trustee ("Sukuk Trustee"), which is made a part hereof as if set forth herein and all documents incorporated by reference therein (collectively, the "**Trust Deed**"). Unless otherwise defined in this Pricing Supplement, capitalised terms used herein have the same meaning as in the Conditions. In case of any conflict between the terms of the Pricing Supplement and the Trust Deed, the terms set forth in this Pricing Supplement shall govern.

The establishment of the Sukuk Wakalah Programme and the issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah under the Sukuk Wakalah Programme has each been duly authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors dated 16 November 2021.

The Issuer hereby acknowledges that it has authorised Maybank Investment Bank Berhad (Registration No. 197301002412 (15938-H)), OCBC Al-Amin Bank Berhad (Registration No. 200801017151 (818444-T)), Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad (Registration No. 197301000792 (14389-U)) and HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad (Registration No. 200801006421 (807705-X)) as the Joint Lead Manager(s) for the Sukuk Wakalah Programme to circulate or distribute this Pricing Supplement on their behalf in respect of or in connection with the proposed offer or invitation to subscribe for and issue of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah **only to prospective investors who fall within the ambit of the Selling Restrictions** for the purpose of the sale of this issuance of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah described herein pursuant to the Sukuk Wakalah Programme and that no further evidence of authorisation is required.

Each of the following Selling Restrictions must be observed by each Sukukholder in relation to offers, invitations, sales, transfers, acquisitions or disposals of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah as the case may be, and in relation thereto:

- (a) at the point of issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah: the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah may only be offered, sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, directly or indirectly, to persons to whom an offer or invitation to subscribe for or purchase the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah and to whom the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah are issued would fall within:
 - (1) Section 2(6) of the Act;
 - (i) paragraph 1(a), (b) or (d) of Schedule 5 of the CMSA; and (ii) Schedule 6 and Schedule 7 of the CMSA, read together with Schedule 9 or Section 257(3) of the CMSA,

subject to any change in the applicable laws;

- (b) after the issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah: The Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah may only be offered, sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, directly or indirectly, to persons to whom an offer or invitation to subscribe for or purchase the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah and to whom the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah are issued would fall within:
 - (1) Section 2(6) of the Act;
 - (i) paragraph 1(a), (b) or (d) of Schedule 5 of the CMSA; and (ii) Schedule 6 (or Section 229(1)(b)) of the CMSA, read together with Schedule 9 or Section 257(3) of the CMSA,

subject to any change in the applicable laws;

- (c) the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah are transferable (subject to the Selling Restrictions described above) and tradable under RENTAS;
- (d) each Sukukholder shall not sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its legal or beneficial interests in the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah to another person or persons nor offer to do so, unless such sale, transfer, disposal or offer, is subject to the condition that such person(s) shall undertake to observe the restrictions set out herein; and
- (e) without limitation to paragraphs (a), (b) (c) and (d) above, each Sukukholder shall observe all applicable laws and regulations in any jurisdiction (including Malaysia) in which it may offer, sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its legal or beneficial interests in the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah or distribute any document or other material in connection therewith.

This Pricing Supplement does not constitute, and may not be used for the purposes of, an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorised or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation, and no action is being taken to permit an offering of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah or the distribution of this Pricing Supplement in any jurisdiction where such action is required.

The recipient must return this Pricing Supplement and any other information in connection therewith to the Joint Lead Manager(s) promptly upon the Joint Lead Manager(s)'s request.

THERE ARE RESTRICTIONS ON THE DISTRIBUTION OF THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT AND THE OFFERING OR SALE OF THE SUSTAINABILITY SUKUK WAKALAH IN MALAYSIA. PERSONS INTO WHOSE POSSESSION THIS PRICING SUPPLEMENT COMES INTO ARE REQUIRED BY THE ISSUER AND THE JOINT LEAD MANAGER(S) TO INFORM THEMSELVES ABOUT AND TO OBSERVE SUCH RESTRICTIONS.

[Include all of the following below and where not applicable to specify as "Not Applicable" (N/A). Italics denote directions for completing the Pricing Supplement.]

Specific Final Terms

The following items under this heading "**Specific Final Terms**" are the particular terms which relates to the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah to which this Pricing Supplement relate. In case of any conflict between such terms and the terms and conditions set forth in the Conditions, the terms set forth in this Pricing Supplement shall govern.

1.	Issuer:	Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd (Registration No. 200901036907 (880036-H)) (" Point Zone ")	
2.	Guarantor	KPJ Healthcare Berhad (Registration No. 199201015575 (247079-M))	
3.	Issue Date:	13 March 2023	
4.	Frequency of Periodic Distributions (if applicable):	Semi-annually	
5.	Credit Rating:	AA-IS(CG)	
6.	Sustainability Guidelines/Framewo rks and naming of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah (<i>if</i> Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah are issued)	 i. Point Zone/KPJ's Sustainability Sukuk Framework is in compliance with the following Sustainability Guidelines/Frameworks:- (a) the Sustainable and Responsible Investment ("SRI") Sukuk framework under the LOLA Guidelines; (b) the ASEAN Green Bond Standards issued by the ASEAN Capital Markets Forum ("ACMF") in November 2017 and revised in October 2018 (as amended from time to time); (c) the ASEAN Social Bond Standards issued by the ACMF in October 2018 (as amended from time to time); (d) the ASEAN Sustainability Bond Standards issued by the ACMF in October 2018 (as amended from time to time); (e) the Green Bond Principles issued by International Capital Market Association ("ICMA"); 	
		(f) the Social Bond Principles issued by ICMA; and(g) the Sustainability Bond Principles issued by ICMA.	

		ii. Name of Sukuk Wakalah: Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah	
		The Issuer has designated a webpage for the purpose of publishing information in relation to the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah and the webpage can be accessed at https://kpj.listedcompany.com/sustainability.html.	
7.	Eligible Projects (<i>if</i> Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah are issued)	The list of the Eligible Projects are as per the Sustainability Sukuk Framework, which will include, amongst others:-	
	rrakalan are issuea)	(a) eligible Green Projects under the following categories:	
		(i) energy efficiency;	
		(ii) sustainable water and wastewater management; and	
		(iii) pollution prevention and control.	
		(b) eligible Social Projects under the category of access to essential services.	
8.	Utilisation Purpose of the Sukuk Proceeds:	The proceeds from the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah shall be utilised by KPJ Healthcare Berhad and its subsidiaries (" KPJ Group ") for the following purposes provided that it shall meet the criteria of the Eligible Assets as set out in the Sustainability Sukuk Framework: for its Shariah-compliant general corporate purposes, which shall comprise financing the expansion, working capital requirements and general corporate purposes of the KPJ Group's healthcare and healthcare related businesses (including to finance/ refinance (in whole or in part), any existing borrowings/financings/corporate bonds/Sukuk issues and/or future Sukuk issues/Shariah-compliant financings incurred in relation thereto (together with all related fees, costs and expenses and the pre-funding of the relevant designated account(s))).	
9.	Other terms or special conditions:	Further details of the issuance are appended herewith as Appendix I.	
		The Sustainability Sukuk Framework is appended herewith as Appendix II.	
		The Second Opinion from MARC Ratings Berhad is appended herewith as Appendix III.	

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

This Pricing Supplement comprise the final terms required for the Series No. 2 of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah described herein pursuant to the Sukuk Wakalah Programme.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Pricing Supplement. The Issuer confirms that having made all enquiries as were reasonable, the information contained in this Pricing Supplement is in accordance with the facts and is not false, misleading or contain any material omission.

The Issuer confirms that where information has been sourced or extracted from third parties, the Issuer confirms that to the best of its knowledge and belief, and as far as it is able to ascertain from such information, no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.

Name

Signed on behalf of Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd (Registration No. 200901036907 (880036-H))

Director DATO MOHAMAD FARID

Name BIN SALIM

DR NIK FAWAZ BIN Director

NIK ABDUL HZIZ

APPENDIX I

Issuance Details

Series	Tranche No	Tenure	Nominal Value	Issue price	Periodic	Yield-to-Maturity	Maturity Date
No		(Years)	(RM mil)		Distribution Rate	(% p.a.)	
					(% p.a.)		
2	1	5	150.0	100	4.50	4.50	13 March 2028
	2	7	175.0	100	4.69	4.69	13 March 2030
	3	10	230.0	100	4.86	4.86	11 March 2033
	TOTAL		555.0				

APPENDIX II

Issuer's Sustainability Sukuk Framework



SUSTAINABILITY SUKUK FRAMEWORK

POINT ZONE (M) SDN BHD ("ISSUER") KPJ HEALTHCARE BERHAD ("GUARANTOR")

January 2022

Confidential

SECTION	CONTENT		
1	Background		
	1.1 Company History		
	1.2 Vision, Mission and Sustainability Values		
2	Sustainability At KPJ Healthcare Berhad		
	2.1 Sustainability Journey		
	2.2 Sustainability Model, Governance and Goals		
3	Sustainability Sukuk Framework		
	3.1 Use of Proceeds		
	3.2. Project Evaluation and Selection		
	3.3. Management of Proceeds		
	3.4. Reporting		
4	External Review		
5	Potential Evolutions		

1. BACKGROUND

1.1 Company History

1.1.1 Point Zone Sdn Bhd ("**PZSB**")

PZSB was incorporated on 20 November 2009 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of KPJ Healthcare Berhad ("**KPJ**") to provide treasury management services to KPJ and its group of companies ("**KPJ Group**").

1.1.2 KPJ

KPJ is one of Malaysia's leading private healthcare service providers in Malaysia. KPJ is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia since 1994. KPJ's first hospital, KPJ Johor, commenced its construction in 1979 and was officially opened to the public in 1981 as the first private specialist hospital in the state of Johor. Celebrating its 40th anniversary in 2021, KPJ has now grown to become the largest private healthcare provider in Malaysia in terms of bed capacity.

Driven by KPJ's core values of Safety, Courtesy, Integrity, Professionalism and Continuous Improvement, KPJ's integrated network consists of more than 28 specialist hospitals located nationwide as well as 2 hospitals in Indonesia and 1 hospital in Bangladesh and Thailand respectively. KPJ also operates senior and assisted living care centres in Kuala Lumpur, Sibu, Kuantan, Kota Kinabalu and Queensland Australia which offer both short and long term care. KPJ's hospitals are mostly accredited by reputable accreditation bodies where 19 of their existing hospitals are accredited by the Malaysian Society for Quality in Health (MSQH) and 4 hospitals are accredited by the Joint Commission International (JCI). KPJ Group is currently supported by 1,322 medical specialists on board and treats on average of more than 2.9 million patients annually.

KPJ's competitive advantage lies in the extensive reach and presence in the highly competitive private healthcare industry. Given the strategic locations of the hospitals in various parts of the nation, KPJ Group's hospitals are easily accessible and offer a diverse range of medical specialist services, many of which are major firsts in the nation's healthcare industry.

1.2 Vision, Mission and Sustainability Values

VISION

The Preferred Healthcare Provider

KPJ's fundamental purpose is the delivery of exceptional health treatment, care and diagnosis to all the patients. They are dedicated to being the preferred provider of care, with innovative use of technology, experienced consultants and well-trained staff who collaborate to offer the best diagnosis and treatment plans.

MISSION

Deliver Quality Healthcare Services

KPJ's mission is to improve the health of the people and the communities they serve. Led by skilled and caring medical staff, they are consistently focused on clinical excellence and innovative technology for superior patient outcomes.

SUSTAINABILITY VALUES

At KPJ, the sustainability agenda is guided by four sustainability values as follows:-

Preventive Healthcare	Universal Healthcare Coverage	
 We have endeavoured to collaborate with the government and healthcare insurers to improve on preventive healthcare offerings available for the people of Malaysia. We focus on the following: Growing our immunisation and vaccination coverage Helping to improve the health, nutrition knowledge, behaviour and attitude of the community towards healthcare Infection prevention and control and preparedness for COVID-19 in healthcare setting Empowering patients to make informed decisions through technology Encouraging breast-feeding as the best choice for the nourishment of infants and young children 	We aim to provide healthcare for all, and to achieve this, we are collaborating with the government and healthcare insurers and nongovernment organisations (NGOs) to offer the best packages and to cover a wider scope. We are using the low price and high-volume models to make healthcare affordable for low and middle income families. In this way, we can bring vaccines, diagnostic tests, pharmaceuticals, supplements and family planning to the people who need it, thus carrying out our responsibility as a corporate citizen.	
-Resilient Healthcare	Environmentally Sustainable Healthcare	
The COVID-19 pandemic has shown how healthcare system flaws can have serious consequences for people's health, economic progress, government confidence, and social cohesion. Containing and reducing the virus's spread and infection rate in the country is still important. Hence, it is vital for us to assist the Government in strengthening the healthcare system, including administering COVID-19 vaccinations.	We aim to build environmentally sensitive hospitals, and streamline our processes to become more efficient, so that we can reduce, reuse and recycle water, raw materials, non-renewable minerals, energy, hazardous waste, and non- hazardous waste.	

KPJ's sustainability values form the foundation of the sustainability commitment which have been firmly embedded into the fabric of the organisation to drive the sustainability initiatives in all the business operations, comprising hospitals, retirement and aged care centres and a university college. With KPJ's sustainability commitment and initiatives, they are focused on providing the highest standards of clinical governance and access to quality healthcare, it is KPJ's duty and honour to deliver safe and excellent clinical services.

2. SUSTAINABILITY AT KPJ GROUP

2.1 Sustainability Journey

KPJ embarked on the sustainability journey back in 2016 by embedding sustainability development agenda into their business' strategic thrusts to ensure sustainable business growth that contributes to the socioeconomic well-being of the communities and the nation. During the same year, KPJ made their debut as a constituent of the FTSE4Good Bursa Malaysia Index that tracks performance of listed companies demonstrating strong Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) practices. KPJ's commitment towards sustainability agenda was further evidenced with the introduction of the first Sustainability Statement in 2016 as part of KPJ Group's Annual Report.

In 2018, KPJ had published their first edition of a standalone Sustainability Report which outlined the details of KPJ Group's initiatives within the Economic, Environmental and Social spheres together with the commitment to support the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) by embedding the UN SDGs into the company's business goals. The alignment of KPJ Group's sustainability goals with the UN SDGs is a direct manifestation of the efforts to champion the sustainable socioeconomic development agenda for the nation as a key component of their long-term strategic outlook.

KPJ has complied with Bursa Malaysia's sustainability-related Listing Requirements, FTSE4Good Bursa Malaysia Index, and have also mapped its sustainability issues (materiality) based on the Global Reporting Initiative ("**GRI**") Standards.

2.2 Sustainability Goals and Alignment with UN SDGs

KPJ contributes to national and global sustainable development agenda by embedding sustainability in its business strategy and operations. KPJ Group's sustainability initiatives and impacts have been aligned with 15 prioritised UN Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) as follows:-

Sustainability Goals	KPJ Sustainability Initiatives	United Nations SDGs
Adherence to regulatory requirements	 Compliance Delivering Safe and Excellent Clinical Services 	6 Substanting
Anti - corruption	Ethics and Integrity	16 reference

Responsible products and services	Patient Satisfaction	3 GOO HILLIN MO NELLERE
	Delivering Safe and Excellence Clinical Care	3 ADD WELL-RING
	Driving Efficiency with Innovation and Technology	9 MARTIN MONITA
	Access to Quality Healthcare	3 GOOD MLATH AND WELL ARKO
	Waste Management	12 SEPARATINA CONSIGNATION

Sustainability Goals	KPJ Sustainability Initiatives	United Nations SDGs
Anticompetitive behaviour	Ethics and Integrity	16 rux, united astronomer
Energy and resources management	Waste Management	12 BUYKINE MENDOCIDA COO
	Water Management	6 MARKAN
	Energy Management	7 MORMANELOR CIALMANER → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → → →
Community investment	 Community Outreach 	1 [№] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Safety and health	 Occupational Health and Safety 	8 иссли изка као годонае саоти соста
Workforce inclusion and diversity	 Employee Engagement, Diversity and Inclusion 	5 fiber fibe
Talent management	 Training and Career Development 	
	 Employee Engagement, Diversity and Inclusion 	

2.3 Sustainability Governance



KPJ's sustainability commitments are driven by a robust governance framework to ensure high level of integrity and transparency in all their internal and external interactions. KPJ's sustainability governance structure is helmed by their Board of Directors ("**Board**") which sets the fundamental sustainability agenda of KPJ Group. The implementation of the sustainability agenda will then be spearheaded by their President and Managing Director ("**PMD**") and the members of the Sustainability Working Committee ("**SWC**").

The PMD and SWC shall report to the Board on a quarterly basis. To ensure compliance of their internal checks and measures, their sustainability reporting, sustainability performance and disclosures are closely monitored internally, by their Risk & Governance Committee.

3. SUSTAINABILITY SUKUK FRAMEWORK

The Sustainability Sukuk Framework ("**Framework**") is established to provide guidelines for issuance of all Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah (as defined below) by PZSB for KPJ Group, pursuant to the Islamic Medium Term Notes Programme of up to RM3.0 billion under the principle of Wakalah Wakalah Bi Al-Istithmar ("**Sukuk Wakalah Programme**").

In line with KPJ's ambition towards embracing and supporting the United Nation Sustainable Development Goals ("**UN SDG**"), this Framework is aligned with the following guidelines, frameworks or standards, as amended from time to time (collectively, the "**Sustainability Guidelines/Frameworks**"):

 a) the Securities Commission Malaysia's ("SC") Sustainable and Responsible Investment Sukuk ("SRI Sukuk") framework under the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework issued by the Securities Commission on 9 March 2015 and revised on 30 June 2022;

- b) ASEAN Green Bond Standards issued by the ASEAN Capital Markets Forum ("**ACMF**") on November 2017;
- c) ASEAN Social Bond Standards issued by the ACMF on October 2018;
- d) ASEAN Sustainability Bond Standards issued by the ACMF on October 2018;
- e) Green Bond Principles 2021 (with June 2022 Appendix 1) issued by the International Capital Markets Association ("**ICMA**");
- f) Social Bond Principles 2021 (with June 2022 Appendix 1) issued by ICMA;
- g) Sustainability Bond Guidelines 2021 issued by ICMA; and
- Such other guidelines or frameworks or standards, whether or not having the force of law, in relation to SRI Sukuk / sustainability / social / green Sukuk / bonds issued from time to time;

"**Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah**" refers to any Sukuk Wakalah issued pursuant to the Sukuk Wakalah Programme which is in compliant with the relevant Sustainability Guidelines/Frameworks.

The Framework takes into account the following four (4) core components in alignment with the Sustainability Guidelines/ Framework:-

- a) Use of proceeds;
- b) Project evaluation and selection;
- c) Management of proceeds; and
- d) Reporting.

3.1 Use of Proceeds

The proceeds from any issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah under this Framework ("**Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds**") shall be utilised to finance and/or re-finance¹, in whole or in part, new or existing assets, businesses, projects and/or products within the eligible categories and criteria as outlined under Table 1 below ("**Eligible Assets**").

For the avoidance of doubt, any proceeds from Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah issued by PZSB as the Issuer pursuant to the Sukuk Wakalah Programme can be used by KPJ Group for its operations related to the provision of healthcare services which include but not limited to, capital expenditures and working capital, refinancing of existing borrowings, operating expenses and other expenses related to the Eligible Assets, so long as the proceeds from the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah issuances are not used to fund new or existing assets, businesses, projects and/or products falling outside of the Eligible Assets.

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⁽¹⁾ The Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds under the Framework can be utilised to finance new Eligible Assets and/or to refinance existing Eligible Assets. Eligible Assets are considered as to be "financed" from the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds when the relevant Eligible Asset is financed after the issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah. Eligible Assets are considered to be "refinanced" from the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds when the relevant Eligible Asset is financed after the issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah. Eligible Asset was financed before the issuance of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah. Any expected look-back period (if applicable) for Eligible Assets to be refinanced shall be determined upon further consultation with MARC.

KPJ may include additional green and/or social eligible categories from time to time subject to such additional eligible categories to be aligned with the relevant Sustainability Guidelines/Frameworks.

<u>Table 1</u>

Eligible Sustainability Project Category	Eligibility Criteria - Description	Environmental and/or Social Objectives	Alignment with UN SDG Targets
Access to Essential Services	 Quality Healthcare Services Projects and/or such other business activities including procurement of equipment and investments in relevant technologies, in relation to the provision of essential quality healthcare services which includes but not limited to the following:- Construction of new hospitals and/or expansion of existing hospitals which includes the relevant working capital requirements for the operation of hospitals To increase the Ambulatory Care Centres (ACC) To increase the number of Senior & Assisted Living Care (SALC) centres To increase the number of Senior & Assisted Living Care (SALC) centres To grow and develop the medical air services To create an integrated digital health ecosystem and facilitate services such as telemedicine, eprescription and home delivery systems to broaden access to quality healthcare services especially for the remote communities. To support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable diseases 	Increase and improve medical care capacity for people in need of medical support	3 GOD HEALTH
	Target Population : People in need of medical care		

	 Healthcare Services to The Underprivileged ("B40") and Disabled Communities To continue the initiatives in reaching to the B40 communities and people with disabilities through affordable health facilities such as Klinik Waqaf An-Nur (KWAN), which provide outpatient treatment and care services as well as dialysis treatment at subsidised prices. To build a healthy society within the B40 and the disabled communities through education and healthcare awareness programmes To collaborate on any potential public-private or private-private partnership to provide affordable healthcare services to the B40 and the disabled communities in Malaysia 	Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable people in need of medical support	3 RAD MELESING
	care		
Socioeconomic Advancement & Empowerment	 Education Education sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences Employment Job opportunities for sponsored underpriviledged students of KPJ University College ("KPJUC") to be employed by KPJ Group Supply Chain To integrate small medium enterprises ("SMEs") within KPJ Group's list of vendors into KPJ Group's supply chain networks to facilitate pagents. 	Improve opportunities for social participation to various vulnerable groups and mitigate economic inequality by offering wider employment opportunities	4 HELTY IDDATON 5 FORCE 8 ECONVINE AND 1 E
	 facilitate access to potential vendor financing schemes offered by KPJ Group's list of financiers To promote gender equality by increasing the number of womenowned SMEs into KPJ Group's list of vendors 		

	Target Population : Underprivileged students, unemployed, women and/or sexual and gender minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities		
Green Building	Capital investments for new and/or existing hospitals to be built as environmental friendly hospitals and non-hospital buildings to achieve the green building requirements as set out by acceptable (locally and internationally) green building standards or guidelines, including but not limited to the following:-	Support energy transition to a low-carbon economy; develop low- carbon buildings and improve energy efficiency of buildings.	1 denade w Constant of the second se
Energy efficiency	Invest in resource efficient buildings, production processes, equipment, logistics and services which could result in significant improvement in the overall carbon footprint and energy consumption per patient annually, which include but not limited to the following:	Support energy transition to a low-carbon economy; develop low- carbon buildings and improve energy	7 disambar 2 disambar 13 data 2 dat

	 to engage a certified provider of consultancy services in the healthcare sector such to ensure efficient energy management in KPJ hospitals improvement to Air Conditioning 	efficiency of buildings.
	Mechanical Ventilation (ACMV) systems for hospitals and non-hospital buildings	
	 improvement to lighting systems by replacing conventional light bulbs with LED lights for hospitals and non-hospital buildings 	
	 to implement Scheduled and Planned Preventive Maintenance for hospitals and non-hospital buildings 	
	 to conduct training and awareness programmes on the impact of energy consumption on climate change 	
	 to procure medical devices with lower power consumption and improved end of product lifecycle recycling 	
Sustainable water and wastewater management	 To provide adequate supply of safe and clean water for the purpose of cooling, cleaning and washing facilities for the patients and staff 	Efficient resource management through reduction in
	 Reduce water consumption in hospitals and other facilities and treat, recycle and reuse wastewater through rain water harvesting 	water consumption
Pollution prevention and control	To substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse, in line with UN SDG's target 12.5 by 2030. Amongst the initiatives implemented and proposed by KPJ for pollution prevention and control in relation to our waste generation are as follows:-	Efficient resource management through reduction in waste generation
	 to develop and implement improved processes towards achieving circular economy to reduce, reuse and recycle water, raw materials, non-renewable minerals, energy, other inputs, by-products, hazardous waste, 	

	 non-hazardous waste, general waste and packaging recycling non-clinical waste such as paper and other recyclable items tracking and reporting waste generated by types of hazardous waste (schedule waste) and non-hazardous waste support the Ministry of Environment and Water and local communities to safely manage medical waste to avoid contamination of water sources 		
Climate change adaptation	 To help build resilient healthcare systems able to anticipate, respond to, cope with, recover from and adapt to climate-risks including increased morbidity arising from natural disasters such as heatwaves, floods, droughts and storms To invest in healthcare solutions to mitigate the impacts of a changing climate which include food-borne and water-borne diseases, increased air pollution, undernutrition, and heat-related mortality, exhaustion and stroke 	Adapt to climate change and assess the risks and opportunities relating to different climate change scenarios	C MERIANEL C MERICEN C MERICEN

3.2 **Project Evaluation and Selection**

KPJ Group's strategic direction on sustainability is spearheaded by its PMD and guided by the Board. The evaluation and selection of Eligible Assets to be funded by the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds shall be in compliance with this Framework.

The key process for evaluation and selection of Eligible Assets is as follows:-

- (a) Review, validation and evaluation of the proposed Eligible Assets in accordance with the Framework;
- (b) Recommendation and approval on the selection of the Eligible Assets will be done by the SWC.
- (c) The SWC shall monitor the Eligible Assets portfolio during the life of the transaction. KPJ Group can decide to replace an Eligible Assets if it no longer meets the eligibility criteria by going through steps (a) – (b) above.

(d) Reporting on the utilisation of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds for the Eligible Assets shall be made by the SWC to the PMD and subsequently the Board, on a quarterly basis.

Project Selections are also guided by a set of exclusionary criteria such as:

I. Criteria for Non-Shariah Compliant Business Activities / Products / Goods:

- (a) Riba bearing financial institutions
- (b) Entertainment and gambling establishments
- (c) Non-halal food, beverage and animal-based related activities
- (d) Other suspicious/immoral related activities

II. Unlicensed/illegal products including drugs, hazardous chemicals, weapons and explosive products

- (a) Tobacco-based product or weed (including hookahs)
- (b) Non-valuable asset, e.g. dirt except animal sourced organic fertilizer
- (c) Musical instruments/equipment for non-Shariah compliant activities
- (d) Raw material or equipment for packaging of non-Shariah compliant products

III. Non-Shariah compliant swimming trunk and extreme non-covering aurah designed based clothes

(a) Idolatry and any ritual material for other religions than Islam

IV. Criteria for Aesthetic Business

- (a) Tattoo
- (b) Plastic surgery without any medical purpose/requirement e.g., breast enhancement, nose reshaping
- (c) Waxing or grooming any private part hair i.e., Brazilian or boyzilian wax service
- (d) Botox injection for beautification purposes
- (e) Placenta injection using human and non-halal animal derived parts
- (f) Lengthening hair using human's hair
- (g) Total removal of eyebrows

14

(h) Any services or products that have been blacklisted or prohibited by Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia or any related authorities i.e., National Pharmaceutical Control Agency

V. Criteria of Mixed Activities Business

(a) Financing benchmark for company with mixed business activities; Revenue generated from the non-Shariah compliant activities shall be less than 33% from the total revenue of the company

For clarification, the additional exclusion categories/ineligible project shall be aligned with the ACMF's ASEAN Green Bond Standards

- (a) Fossil fuel generations projects
- (b) Activities that pose a negative social impact related to alcohol, gambling, tobacco and weaponry

3.3 Management of Proceeds

The Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds shall be allocated by KPJ to the relevant companies within KPJ Group to fund the Eligible Assets selected as per the evaluation and approval process set out above. KPJ Group's Finance Division shall monitor the allocation and management of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds internally to ensure compliance with this Framework.

Additional Eligible Assets may be added into the portfolio of Eligible Assets, where necessary, to ensure efficient and timely distribution and utilisation of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds. During the life of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah, if any of the Eligible Assets cease to be in compliance with this Framework, KPJ will use its best effort to identify new Eligible Assets as replacement and allocate the balance of unutilised Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds for such new Eligible Assets as soon as reasonably practicable.

In respect of any unutilised amount of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds, such amount shall be held by KPJ Group in cash, cash equivalents and/or invested in other Shariah-compliant marketable instruments according to KPJ Group's liquidity policy subject further to the terms and conditions of the Sukuk Wakalah Programme.

In respect of any Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds allocated for the purpose of refinancing of completed Eligible Assets, in which case the projects' costs were fully disbursed in the past, no separate management of proceeds by KPJ Group is required.

3.4 Reporting

KPJ adopts strong governance controls and internal checks and measures to ensure accuracy of the data and information reported. KPJ Group focuses on developing robust reporting processes internally which is closely monitored by the SWC and reported to the Board of Directors on quarterly basis.

The Framework will be made publicly available on KPJ's corporate website at <u>www.kpjhealth.com.my</u>, at the point of issuance and throughout the tenure of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah issued under the Sukuk Wakalah Programme. KPJ Group is also fully committed to keep the investors of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah updated with the latest development on its continuous sustainability initiatives.

KPJ will publish annual reports which will provide information on the allocation and impacts of the Eligible Assets funded by the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds throughout the tenure of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah issuance ("**Sustainability Sukuk Report**"). The Sustainability Sukuk Report shall contain (1) an Allocation Reporting and (2) Impact Reporting and will be published together with KPJ 's Annual Report which is made available to the public on its corporate website.

(a) <u>Allocation Reporting</u>

The Sustainability Sukuk Report shall contain an Allocation Reporting which entails the following:-

- a list of Eligible Assets under the respective project categories funded or to be funded by the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds and the description thereof;
- aggregate total amount Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds allocated and utilised for each project category;
- removal or substitution of Eligible Asets;
- portion of financing and refinancing;
- remaining balance of the unallocated and/or unutilised Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds and where such unallocated and/or unutilised amount is placed or invested pending utilisation; and
- confirmation that the utilisation of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah Proceeds conforms to this Framework.

(b) Impact Reporting

The Sustainability Sukuk Report shall contain an Impact Reporting based on a range of green, social and/or environmental indicators for each Eligible Assets until the maturity of the relevant Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah. The indicators may include where feasible and to the extent possible:-

Eligible Sustainabili Project Categ	-	Reporting Indicators		
Access To Quality Healthcare Services		Quality Healthcare Services		
Essential Services		 Number of new hospitals and/or additional bed capacity 		
Services		 Number of new patients 		
- Ma inv		 Number of new medical and surgical services 		
		 Material sustainability impacts of technology investments on healthcare service provision 		
		Number of ACCs		
	 Number of retail pharmacies outlets 			
 mothers and babies served Number of remote rural areas which have healthcare services 		Number of SALC centres		
		 Number of confinement centres and/or number of mothers and babies served 		
		Number of Terriote Taraf areas which have access to		
		 Number of patients transported from remote and rural areas 		
		 Enhancement of the telemedicine and top up medication home delivery service 		

	 Online and mobile appointment booking system Online pharmacies 		
	Online pharmacies		
	•		
	Healthcare Services to The Underprivileged ("B40") and Disabled Communities		
	 Number of KWAN clinics and its total patients treated 		
	Healthcare awareness programmes and public talks		
	 Increase in the proportion of the B40 communities attending regular health screening 		
Socioeconomic	Education		
advancement and empowerment	 Number of underprivileged students receiving scholarships 		
	Employment		
	 Number of job creations of sponsored underprivileged students being employed by KPJ Group 		
	Supply Chain		
	 Number of SMEs within KPJ Group's list of vendors to 		
	successfully obtain vendor financing facilities from KPJ Group's list of financiers		
	 Percentage of women-owned SMEs within KPJ Group's list of vendors 		
Energy	Green Building		
Efficiency and Climate Action	 Number of green-certified hospitals and non-hospital buildings 		
	Energy efficiency		
	 Energy Consumption per square-foot of hospitals 		
	 Greenhouse gas (GHG) emission per square-foot of hospitals 		
	Sustainable water and wastewater management		
	 Water consumption per patient 		
	Pollution prevention and control		
	 Total clinical and non-clinical waste generated per patient 		
	Climate change adaptation		
	 Reduced number of people suffering from flood-related 		
	 Number of new solutions that reduce climate-related health impact 		

4. EXTERNAL REVIEW

KPJ has appointed Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad ("**MARC**") through MARC Solutions as an independent party to provide a Second Party Opinion ("**SPO**") on the Framework, prior to issuance of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah

The SPO shall be published on KPJ's corporate website at <u>www.kpjhealth.com.my</u>.

5. POTENTIAL EVOLUTIONS

As the sustainability sukuk market will likely be subject to changing market and regulatory context as it evolves, PZSB together with KPJ shall continuously enhance and improve the Framework in accordance with the Sustainability Guidelines/Frameworks and publish any supplementary content to this Framework on KPJ's corporate website.

APPENDIX III

Second Party Opinion



MARC Ratings Berhad (MARC Ratings) has been engaged by Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd as an independent external reviewer for its Sustainability Sukuk Framework. This external review was conducted according to the analytical framework in MARC Ratings' Impact Bond Assessment (IBA) methodology that is published on its website.

Publication date: October 17, 2022

Contact: (+603) 2717 2915

SUMMARY

Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd (PZSB or the Issuer), a wholly-owned subsidiary of KPJ Healthcare Berhad (KPJ), is proposing to issue Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah to finance and/or refinance, in whole or part, eligible capital expenditures and working capital, existing borrowings, operating expenses and other expenses related to KPJ Group's new or existing healthcare assets, businesses, projects and/or products as defined in its Sustainability Sukuk Framework (SSF) dated January 2022 (collectively, Eligible Assets).

PZSB's SSF Assessment is a three-part analysis consisting of a primarily qualitative impact significance analysis of the Use of Proceeds under its SSF; an assessment of alignment of the SSF with the core components of the ASEAN Sustainability Bond Standards (ASEAN SUS), the ASEAN Green Bond Standards (ASEAN GBS) and the ASEAN Social Bond Standards (ASEAN SBS) (collectively the ASEAN Standards) in addition to Securities Commission Malaysia's (SC) Sustainable and Responsible Investment (SRI) Sukuk Framework; and an evaluation of KPJ Group's sustainability implementation capacity and performance. MARC Ratings also assessed the SSF's alignment with the International Capital Market Association's (ICMA) Green Bond Principles (GBP), Social Bond Principles (SBP) and Sustainability Bond Guidelines (SBG) 2021 (collectively the ICMA Principles).

In performing its assessment, MARC Ratings has predominantly relied on the information provided by KPJ as well as information gathered from the public domain. The SSF provides guidelines for issuances of all Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah.

The SSF aligns with the four common core components of the ASEAN Standards, the SC's SRI Sukuk Framework and the ICMA Principles: (1) use of proceeds, (2) process for project evaluation and selection, (3) management of proceeds and (4) reporting. Eligible green and/or social projects must meet the Eligibility Criteria.

The proceeds of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah will be used by KPJ Group to finance and/or refinance assets, businesses, projects and/or products that meet KPJ's SSF Eligibility Criteria (Eligible Assets). The SSF outlines seven eligible social and green project categories aligned with those recognised by the ASEAN Standards and SC's SRI Sukuk Framework. Each of the SSF's eligible categories have been aligned with the relevant UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The SSF links KPJ's sustainability strategy to its funding of sustainability initiatives related to providing access to quality and inclusive healthcare; delivering better integrated care; providing a strong and robust continuum of care that addresses community and population needs; and lowering its carbon impact while enhancing resource management. The Use of Proceeds will, in MARC Ratings' opinion, have positive environmental and social impacts and advance the SDGs, specifically 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, and 13.

Under the "Access to Essential Services" social project category, proceeds may be allocated towards a broad range of investments and activities. Among others, KPJ may finance or refinance the construction of new hospitals and/or expansion of existing hospitals; the expansion of its communitybased healthcare services (including ambulatory care centres, pharmacies, senior and assisted living care centres, and confinement centres); and the continuation and/or extension of initiatives that help ensure access to affordable healthcare for the underprivileged (defined in the SSF as B40) and persons with disabilities. MARC Ratings considers this social project category and subcategories to be well aligned with the main issues of the healthcare sector, in particular the increasing costs of treatment, an ageing population, the increasing double burden of communicable and non-communicable diseases (NCDs) and systemic inequities in the delivery of care. With its focus on expanding healthcare capacity and providing people with comprehensive, coordinated and quality care to stay well in their communities, MARC Ratings believes this project category will contribute impactfully towards a stronger national healthcare system by making healthcare more accessible, responsive, resilient and sustainable. Importantly, the transformation of care pathways towards reduced hospital-based care will also help shrink the carbon footprint of healthcare.

KPJ also intends to allocate Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah proceeds towards the socioeconomic advancement and empowerment of the underprivileged and small medium enterprises (SMEs) including women-owned SMEs by providing equitable access to education, employment and business opportunities. Apart from advancing SDG 3's goal of health and well-being for all, other positive social outcomes that will be generated by the social project categories include the promotion of employment opportunities, decent work and social inclusion.

The SSF also includes Green Buildings; Energy Efficiency; Sustainable Water and Wastewater Management; Pollution Prevention and Control; and Climate Change Adaptation as eligible green project categories in support of KPJ's commitment to reduce the environmental impact of healthcare. Sukuk proceeds may be directed to a wide range of green projects in three main areas: energy, waste and water.

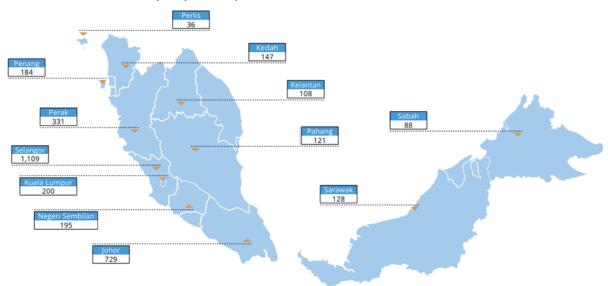
KPJ has established a governance process for project evaluation and selection under which a Sustainability Working Committee (SWC) reviews and endorses proposed eligible projects to ensure compliance with the SSF. Where any proceeds cannot be immediately allocated to finance or refinance these projects, the funds will initially be held as cash, cash equivalents and/or invested in other Shariah-compliant marketable instruments according to KPJ Group's liquidity policy, further subject to the terms and conditions of the Sukuk Wakalah Programme. KPJ Group's Finance Division will track and manage the net proceeds of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah internally. During the life of the sukuk, Eligible Assets will be added to or removed from the portfolio of Eligible Assets to the extent required. If an asset is removed from the Eligible Assets portfolio, KPJ will strive to replace the asset with another Eligible Asset as soon as reasonably practicable. MARC Ratings assesses the process for the management of proceeds to be aligned with market practices.

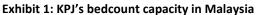
KPJ will publish a Sustainability Sukuk Report on its website on an annual basis until the maturity of the sukuk. Each report will provide the following information, among others: the use and allocation of the sukuk proceeds, the portion of financing and refinancing, the unutilised amount and where such unutilised amount is placed or invested pending utilisation, the removal or substitution of Eligible Assets, and the sustainability impacts of Eligible Assets. KPJ intends to report on a range of environmental and social impact indicators for Eligible Assets funded with the sukuk in the Sustainability Sukuk Report.

Based on our review of the relevant documentation and assessment as per our IBA methodology, MARC Ratings has assigned a "Gold" IBA to PZSB's SSF. MARC Ratings also opines that the aforementioned framework is correspondingly aligned with the core components of the ASEAN Standards, the SC's SRI Sukuk Framework and the ICMA Principles.

Introduction

Listed on Bursa Malaysia's Main Market since 1994, KPJ has been a constituent of the Bursa Malaysia FTSE4Good Index since 2016. Since opening its first specialist private hospital in the state of Johor in 1981, KPJ has become Malaysia's largest private hospital operator in terms of bed capacity (2021: 3,376). KPJ also operates the largest network of private hospitals in the country with 29 specialist hospitals providing a comprehensive range of specialist medical services throughout Malaysia. Of its existing 28 hospitals, 19 are accredited by the Malaysian Society for Quality in Health (MSQH) and four hospitals are accredited by the Joint Commission International (JCI). KPJ Group is currently supported by 1,322 medical specialists on board and treats an average of more than 2.9 million patients annually.





In addition to hospitals, KPJ operates two ambulatory care centres (ACCs), KPJ Healthshoppe and JX Pharmacy retail pharmacies, senior and assisted living care centres, 17 Klinik Waqaf An-Nur (KWAN), six mobile clinics, as well as a university college, KPJ Healthcare University, providing nursing and allied health education. KPJ also has investments in hospitals in Indonesia, Thailand and Bangladesh as well as in a retirement resort in Queensland, Australia.

The Private Healthcare Sector and Public Health

Malaysia operates a two-tier healthcare system in which tax-funded, publicly provided care coexists with largely out-of-pocket (OOP) financed private care. In Malaysia, the government provides and finances the public healthcare system, the central tenet of which is publicly funded care for citizens who need it. Main public healthcare provider, the Ministry of Health (MOH), provides primary care, secondary care and tertiary care through government health and community clinics, district hospitals and general hospitals for a nominal fee.

Private healthcare providers include general practitioner clinics, medical centres and private hospitals which operate either as a group or chain, or as stand-alone institutions. The private healthcare sector in Malaysia has expanded rapidly over the last few decades partly due to efforts by the government to increase private participation in the healthcare system. The private hospitals operate on a fee-for-service basis and mostly serve the middle- and higher-income population segments in urban areas. Private healthcare services are regulated by the Malaysian government under the Private Health Care Facilities and Services Act 1998. Private healthcare providers' involvement in national health systems is significant in scale and scope. Private healthcare providers complement the provision of public universal healthcare and play an important role in increasing health equity. In 2019, private hospitals accounted for around 30% of total hospital admissions and 13% of total outpatient visits. In 2019, there were around 154 government hospitals and 250 private hospitals in Malaysia. A significant percentage of citizens rely on private healthcare of varying capacity and quality to avoid delays in accessing public health services and long waiting times for treatment.

While universal health coverage (UHC) remains a public health policy objective, its sustainability is now in question. Affordability of healthcare services and products is a hot-button issue with cost pressures increasing for all payers: governments, employers, and households. Factors contributing to a continued rise in healthcare expenditures are the rising disease burden, higher patient expectations (than at any other time before) and increasing costs of treatment. OOP healthcare spending is expected to continue rising through the foreseeable future, having more than tripled from RM7.14 billion in 2006 to RM23.15 billion in 2020. The bulk of OOP expenditure in 2020 went to private hospitals at RM10.37 billion or 45% of total OOP spending for the year. Private households were the single largest private source of health financing at RM23.15 billion in 2020. The rising trend of OOP payments in Malaysia suggests an increasing risk of undue financial hardship for households from unaffordable OOP payments.

The COVID-19 pandemic has demonstrated the consequences of a chronically under-funded and overstretched public healthcare sector faced with unexpected surges in demand for care. Prior to the pandemic, the public healthcare sector was already increasingly strained, struggling with managing growing demand for services and delivering high-quality healthcare services—all while controlling costs. The public sector caters for two-thirds of outpatient and inpatient cases, but 75% of specialists in Malaysia are in the private sector. It has also underlined the importance of strengthening primary healthcare and access to diagnostic services, primary care and more specialist services in local communities to help the population to better manage their health at home and in their communities. MOH has acknowledged the need to transform the manner in which the healthcare system is organised, financed and governed and is developing a Health White Paper on structural changes that should be made. Sustaining gains made in Malaysia's provision of UHC to date requires a national strategy that significantly addresses rising OPP payments, equity in access to care and the burden on underinvested public health systems.

On a more positive note, the recent events of the pandemic also show that the resilience of healthcare systems can be improved through better clinical and functional integration between the public and private healthcare sectors. Private-public partnerships (PPPs), which had been deployed to great effect to remediate the strain on the public healthcare infrastructure represent an important source of additional healthcare capacity that can be used to address the inequities in healthcare access and outcomes. MOH has communicated its intention to expand PPPs to effectively maximise all existing healthcare capacity in the country, a move that will invariably expand the private sector's role in public healthcare.

SUSTAINABILITY SUKUK FRAMEWORK ASSESSMENT OCTOBER 2022

At the same time, it is vital for any strategy to futureproof the health system to also address the growing double burden of communicable and non-communicable diseases (NCDs) in light of Malaysia's ageing population. The fight against NCDs, in particular, requires a holistic approach involving a wide variety of private-sector partners to improve both treatment and prevention including addressing wider social determinants of health, including poverty, low education and unhealthy lifestyles. The World Health Organisation (WHO) defines health as "a state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity". Implicit to this context is the notion that health gains are to be secured through the provision of universal integrated health services that are organised around the needs of people and communities. As a major stakeholder in the healthcare system, private healthcare providers, KPJ included, will have a pivotal role to play in supporting UHC and ensuring national health sustainability and security.

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APPENDIX

COMPLIANCE REVIEW FORM

01 IMPACT SIGNIFICANCE ANALYSIS

MARC Ratings' qualitative analysis of impact is conducted in the context of the United Nations SDGs. As a globally accepted guidepost for transition to sustainable development, the SDGs serve as a useful framework of reference for project impact analysis.

The proceeds of the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah will be used to finance or refinance KPJ Group's capital expenditures and working capital, existing borrowings, operating expenses and other expenses which align to the following Eligible Categories:

Sustainability Objectives:		
· · ·	Eligibility Criteria:	SDG Alignment:
Increase and improve medical	 Projects and/or such 	
care capacity	business activities	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
	including the procurement	AND WELL-BEING
Target Population:	of equipment and	. ^
People in need of medical care	investments in relevant	
	technologies, in relation	· · · · ·
Sustainability Benefits:	to the provision of	
Improved healthcare	essential quality services	This eligibility category supports
delivery	which include but are not	investments in facilities, services,
 Strengthening universal 	limited to the following:	systems, equipment or R&D that
health coverage	- Construction of new	contribute to the following outcomes:
Reduced health	hospitals and/or	• new/additional healthcare capacity
inequalities	expansion of existing	to meet the growing demands
	hospitals including	placed on the health system;
Construction of new hospitals	the working capital	
and/or expansion of existing	requirements for the	activery of more integrated and
hospitals	operation of the	coordinated care, and at less cost
KPJ opened four hospitals in	hospitals	and as close to home as possible;
the five-year period from 2017-	- Increasing	 increased access to services that
2021. Post-completion of	- Increasing Ambulatory Care	address healthcare needs of the
Damansara Specialist Hospital	Centres (ACCs)	elderly and postpartum mothers;
2 (DSH2) in 2022, KPJ's focus		 enabling of access to care that is
will shift to upgrading and	 Improving access to pharmacies 	not available locally or time-
refurbishing existing hospitals.		sensitive, and/or facilitation of
KPJ intends to progressively	 Increasing Senior and 	extraction from physically remote
add 1,000 beds at its new	Assisted Living Care	or otherwise inaccessible locations
hospitals and existing hospitals	(SALC) centres	that limit access to timely care;
up to the end of 2025 with	- Increasing	• improved care continuity wherever
major additions to bed capacity	confinement centres	care is being provided and more
at DSH2, KPJ Puteri Specialist	- Growing and	efficient use of resources';
Hospital, KPJ Ampang Specialist	developing medical	• reduced burden of communicable
Hospital, KPJ Klang Specialist	air services	and NCDs.
Hospital and KPJ Penang	- Creation of an	
Specialist Hospital. Although	integrated digital	
KPJ is financing/refinancing	health ecosystem and	
private hospital care real estate	facilitation of services	
under this subcategory, the	such as telemedicine,	
projects will still be impactful	e-prescription and	
in the local context as they also	home delivery	
represent additional potential	systems to broaden	
capacity for accommodating	access to quality	
patients from the public	healthcare services	
system under healthcare PPPs	especially for the	
or for supporting national	remote communities	
response efforts during a	- Supporting the	
health crisis.	research and	
	development (R&D)	
	1	1

	of vaccines and	
	medicines for	
	5 Essential Services – Quality Heal	thcare Services (cont'd)
Social Project Category: Access to Increasing Ambulatory Care Centres KPJ will be building up its ambulatory presence with more new centre openings in the pipeline, in the Klang Valley and Penang, as well as along the Southern and Northern corridors. The latest ACC opened by the group, KPJ Ambulatory Care Centre Kinrara, is a freestanding centre located in a community setting. The ACCs complement hospitals in providing coordinated and integrated care on an outpatient basis, including diagnosis, observation, consultation, treatment, intervention, and rehabilitation services. Payers typically pay significantly less for a procedure at these lower- cost sites of care than they would for the same procedure in an inpatient setting. The ACCs will function as spokes that connect patients to the appropriate point of care in a larger, more comprehensive hospital setting (the hub). By lowering the overall cost of care, ACCs promote the retention of savings. By enabling a shift of services from hospital to community environments, ACCs will help people to better manage their health at home and in their communities. Care delivered in an ambulatory setting is expected to grow with continuing innovations in clinical practice and technological advances.	o Essential Services – Quality Heal communicable and NCDs.	thcare Services (cont'd) Projects that promote health and well- being for all at all ages, and universal health coverage will contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. Image: I
KPJ's retail pharmacy business comprises both hospital and community pharmacies, KPJ Healthshoppe outlets located		
inside KPJ Hospitals and JX Pharmacy outlets situated at commercial shop lots. In 2021, KPJ's retail pharmacy business continued to expand their		
operations onto digital platforms to improve brand		

awareness and consumer		
reach.		
Social Project Category: Access t	o Essential Services – Quality Heal	thcare Services (cont'd)
Cont'd		
Projects in this subcategory will		
improve access to safe and		
effective medicines in addition		
to preventive healthcare. Often the first line of care for people		
in their communities,		
pharmacies are vital to the		
health and wellbeing of their		
customers. Community		
pharmacies provide access to		
personalised advice about		
health and medicine on a walk-		
in basis without customers		
having to pay for consultation.		
Pharmacies also provide access		
to inexpensive common		
medications and disease testing and play an essential		
role in promoting the		
responsible use of medicines		
and support of adherence to		
treatments. Because of the		
OOP savings and health		
outcomes generated by		
community pharmacies, they		
are an essential part of the		
solution to sustaining UHC.		
Increasing Senior and Assisted		
Living Care Centres		
KPJ operates SALC centres in		
Kuala Lumpur, Sibu, Kuantan		
and Kota Kinabalu, which offer		
both short (respite care, day		
care) and long-term care.		
On the demand side,		
population ageing will continue to increase the number of frail		
older people needing long-		
term elder care even if they		
become dependent at a later		
stage than previous		
generations. Driving this		
increase is the range of health		
conditions that older people		
have to contend with including		
chronic diseases which		
necessitate high levels of long- term care (LTC). In Malaysia,		
gaps exist in the availability of		
quality institutional care and		
the vast majority of LTC is		
home-based, either provided		
by family members and/or		
inexpensive foreign workers.		
The need for more extensive		

institutional care is vital to support working family	
Social Project Category: Access to	Essential Services – Quality Healthcare Services (cont'd)
Cont'd	
caregivers (especially females)	
and elderly Malaysians who are	
not able to live safely in their	
homes. SALC centres address	
the need for alternatives to	
and/or are a supplement to	
informal LTC models.	
SALC centres may also	
contribute towards preventing	
costlier health outcomes,	
including hospitalisation and	
re-hospitalisation (with the	
provision of post-hospital	
discharge rehabilitation),	
severe long-term disabilities	
and premature loss-of-life.	
Confinement Centres	
Along with SALC services, KPJ	
currently offers nurse-	
managed after-birth care to	
mothers and their infants at its	
SALC centres in Kuala Lumpur,	
Sibu, Kuantan and Kota	
Kinabalu. In addition to	
accommodation, meals,	
support staff and laundry	
services, the centres provide	
evidence-based care	
that includes assessment,	
education and support that	
facilitates recovery from childbirth and	
adjustment to parenthood	
and/or infant care.	
Confinement centres may also	
enhance the health and well-	
being of new mothers and their	
infants through early	
identification of health	
conditions and by providing	
support for postpartum	
concerns between the time of	
discharge from hospital and	
the mother's and baby's first	
visits with their primary	
healthcare providers.	
Digital Healthcare	
Utilisation of healthcare	
information technology is an	
important component of KPJ's	
approach to creating an	
integrated and seamless	
patient-centric	
environment. The first phase of	

KPJ's new hospital information system (nHIS) was rolled out at	
Social Project Category: Access t	D Essential Services – Quality Healthcare Services (cont'd)
Cont'd	
the new KPJ Damansara	
Specialist Hospital 2 (KPJ DSH2)	
in September 2022. Apart from	
enhancing KPJ's patient	
experience through increased	
staff and care process efficacy	
and enabling meaningful	
patient engagement, the nHIS	
also supports KPJ in going	
paperless. From 2023 onwards,	
the nHIS will be rolled out in	
phases throughout the Group.	
Apart from providing	
information critical for	
collaborative quality care, the	
one patient-one single record	
system will also allow patients	
to schedule appointments as	
well as to seek healthcare	
remotely via teleconsultation.	
Implemented when access to	
in-person treatment was	
curtailed during the pandemic	
phase of COVID-19, telehealth	
is likely to continue to support	
increased care access after the	
pandemic, including long-	
distance clinical health care	
and patient health-related	
education.	
Technology is also expected to	
play an important role in KPJ's	
hub-and-spoke model of	
integrated patient-centred care	
with health information	
technology, artificial	
intelligence (AI), and Internet	
of Things (IoT) enabling KPJ's	
digital transformation of	
healthcare going forward.	
Drojosto in this subsets some "	
Projects in this subcategory will	
also help enable better	
customer experiences,	
economic efficiencies, and	
deliver seamless care more	
effectively to those with	
complex and/or chronic	
conditions and under the care	
of different providers.	
Research and development	
(R&D) of vaccines and	
medicines for communicable	
and non-communicable	
diseases	

Communicable disease control		
has always been and remains a		
	o Essential Services – Quality Heal	thcare Services (cont'd)
public health priority, along		
with non-communicable		
diseases. Cardiovascular		
diseases, cancers, chronic		
respiratory diseases and		
diabetes impose significant		
burdens on health and are		
leading causes of death and		
disability. Meanwhile, the		
COVID-19 pandemic		
underscores the importance of		
building research capacity		
for communicable diseases.		
Drojosts in this sub-satazor		
Projects in this sub-category		
can potentially contribute to		
addressing the rising burden of non-communicable diseases as		
well as more effective		
response measures to and		
ultimate control of epidemics		
and pandemics. This will, in		
turn, help reduce the pressure		
on the national health system.		
on the national nearth system.		
Social Project Category: Access t	o Essential Services – Healthcare S	ervices to the Underprivileged (B40) and
Disabled Communities		
Sustainability Objective:	Eligibility Criteria:	SDG Alignment:
Increase and improve medical	Eligibility Criteria:Projects aimed at	
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable		g GOOD HEALTH
Increase and improve medical	 Projects aimed at 	
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare 	g GOOD HEALTH
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population:	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the 	g GOOD HEALTH
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and 	g GOOD HEALTH
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population:	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: 	g GOOD HEALTH
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well-
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits:	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: • Improved healthcare	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8.
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8.
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8.
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8.
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8.
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8.
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.8
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 COMPACTION REDUCE MORTALITY FROM NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in six states. Located within the	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or private-private 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in six states. Located within the compounds of mosques or in	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or private-private partnerships/ 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING CONSISTENT OF THE UNDERPRISE Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8 CONSISTENT OF THE UNIVERSE DECEMORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM F
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in six states. Located within the compounds of mosques or in shop houses, the KWAN clinics	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or private-private partnerships/ collaborations to 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-4 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8 TARGET 3-8
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in six states. Located within the compounds of mosques or in shop houses, the KWAN clinics serve local communities in the	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or private-private partnerships/ collaborations to provide affordable 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING CONSISTENT OF THE UNDERPRISE Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8 CONSISTENT OF THE UNIVERSE DECEMORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM F
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in six states. Located within the compounds of mosques or in shop houses, the KWAN clinics serve local communities in the states of Johor, Negeri	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or private-private partnerships/ collaborations to 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING CONSISTENT OF THE UNDERPRISE Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8 CONSISTENT OF THE UNIVERSE DECEMORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM F
Increase and improve medical care capacity for vulnerable communities Target Population: Underserved or vulnerable people in need of medical care Sustainability Benefits: Improved healthcare delivery Strengthening universal health coverage Reduced health inequalities KPJ provides access to outpatient treatment and care services to the underserved in urban communities through its KWAN network which presently consists of a Waqaf An-Nur hospital in Pasir Gudang, Johor, and 17 clinics in six states. Located within the compounds of mosques or in shop houses, the KWAN clinics serve local communities in the	 Projects aimed at providing healthcare services to the underprivileged (B40) and disabled communities: Affordable health facilities for outpatient treatment and healthcare services to the B40 and disabled communities such as KWAN which provides outpatient treatment and care services as well as subsidised dialysis treatment Education and healthcare awareness programmes to build healthy B40 and disabled communities Public-private or private-private partnerships/ collaborations to provide affordable 	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING CONSISTENT OF THE UNDERPRISE Projects that promote health and well- being for the underprivileged and disabled communities will also contribute to SDG 3, targets 3.4 and 3.8. TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.4 TARGET 3.8 TARGET 3.8 CONSISTENT OF THE UNIVERSE DECEMORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM REDUCE MORTIALITY FROM F

Perak and Pulau Pinang. Eight	Malaysia's B40 and	
of its KWAN clinics are MSQH-	disabled communities	
accredited, which attests to the		
quality of community		
healthcare provided. KPJ has		
Social Project Category: Access t	o Essential Services – Healthcare S	ervices to the Underprivileged (B40) and
Disabled Communities (cont'd)		
been collaborating with Islamic		Additionally, these projects for the
faith-based organisations to		underprivileged and disabled
provide mobile clinic services		communities will also contribute to
in the state of Selangor. By		SDG 10, target 10.2 as these
meeting patients where it is		communities typically face many
most convenient and effective		challenges achieving optimal health
for them, the clinics and		and accessing high-quality healthcare.
dialysis centres provide		
affordable patient care access		TARGET 10-2
to vulnerable urban		
communities. KPJ's community		92 m
health outreach efforts also		
include education and health		Å≥Åi Ť
awareness programmes.		
Thursday its for success		PROMOTE UNIVERSAL
Through its focus on		SOCIAL ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL INCLUSION
community health and		LINCLUSION
education, investments in this		
subcategory will support		
community and public health,		
and advance health equity.		
Social Project Category: Socioeco	Donomic Advancement & Empower	ment
Sustainability Objectives:	Eligibility Criteria:	SDG Alignment:
Improve social participation		
opportunities for vulnerable	Activities aimed at supporting	4 EDUCATION
groups and mitigate economic	the underprivileged and SMEs	
inequality through	to advance their socio-	
employment generation	economic position:	
	• Education: Sponsorship	
Target Population:		Accessible education activities will
Target Population: Underprivileged students, the	Education: Sponsorship	Accessible education activities will contribute directly to SDG 4 and target
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender	• Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits:	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full-	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4.5
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training.
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition scholarships, KPJ also offers	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors that are women-owned to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition scholarships, KPJ also offers financial aid to students who	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors that are women-owned to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition scholarships, KPJ also offers financial aid to students who exhibit high potential or who	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors that are women-owned to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition scholarships, KPJ also offers financial aid to students who	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors that are women-owned to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5 ELIMINATE ALL DISCRIMINATION IN EDUCATION 5 GENDER EQUALITY Projects that demonstrably contribute
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition scholarships, KPJ also offers financial aid to students who exhibit high potential or who are facing financial challenges.	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors that are women-owned to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5 ELIMINATE ALL DISCRIMINATION IN EDUCATION F EQUALITY Projects that demonstrably contribute to gender equality in access to
Underprivileged students, the unemployed, women, gender and sexuality minorities, and other excluded and/or marginalised populations or communities Sustainability Benefits: • Improved inclusion of the underprivileged and SMEs • Reduced social disparities KPJ provides partial and full- tuition scholarships to outstanding underprivileged nursing and health science students. Apart from tuition scholarships, KPJ also offers financial aid to students who exhibit high potential or who	 Education: Sponsorship for underprivileged students in nursing and health sciences. Employment: Employment of sponsored KPJ Healthcare University underprivileged students by KPJ Group Supply Chain Integration: Integration of SMEs into KPJ Group's supply chain to facilitate access to vendor financing provided by the Group's financiers, including increasing the number of SME vendors that are women-owned to 	contribute directly to SDG 4 and target 4.5 on ensuring equal access to all levels of education and vocational training. TARGET 4-5 ELIMINATE ALL DISCRIMINATION IN EDUCATION 5 GENDER EQUALITY Projects that demonstrably contribute

education and pursue		
employment opportunities,		
social investments made in the		
education of future health		
workers will also contribute		
Social Project Category: Socioeco	onomic Advancement & Empower	ment (cont'd)
towards developing competent	P	TARGET 5-5
health workforces vital to the		TARGET
delivery of accessible, quality		
health services and to ensure		
sustainable health systems.		
The integration of SMEs,		ENSURE FULL
including women-owned SMEs,		PARTICIPATION IN LEADERSHIP AND
into KPJ's supply chain will help		DECISION-MAKING
facilitate access to economic		O DECENT WORK AND
opportunities and support		ECONOMIC GROWTH
the development of SMEs.		
Under the National		
Entrepreneurship Policy 2030,		
the Government has set a		
target for SMEs to increase		
their contribution to GDP to		Supply chain integration projects will
		contribute to SDG 8 and targets 8.5 and
50% by 2030.		8.10 (where financing access is
		facilitated).
		TARGET 8-5
		FULL EMPLOYMENT AND DECENT WORK
		AND DECENT WORK WITH EQUAL PAY SERVICES
Green Project Category: Green B	uildings	1
Sustainability Objective:	Eligibility Criteria:	SDG Alignment:
To support transition to a low-	Capital investments for	
carbon economy, to develop	new and/or existing	7 AFFORDABLE AND
low-carbon buildings and	hospitals to be built as	CLEAN ENERGY
improve building energy	environmental-friendly	<u>\</u>
efficiency		
enderby	hospitals and non-hospital	
Sustainability Panafita	buildings to achieve the	21N
Sustainability Benefits:	green building	
Reduction of energy	requirements as set out	This eligible category is likely to make
consumption and avoidance of	by acceptable (locally and	direct contribution to SDG 7, target 7.3.
GHG emissions	internationally) green	
	building standards or	TARGET 7·3
KPJ is targeting to achieve		
green building certification for	guidelines, including but	
	_	SL/
all its hospitals by the year	guidelines, including but not limited to the	
	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: -	
2030. Based on minimum	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum	
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold)	
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements for eligible projects in this	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold) - Building Research	DOUBLE THE IMPROVEMENTIN
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements for eligible projects in this category (and associated high	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold) - Building Research Establishment	DOUBLE THE IMPROVEMENTIN ENERGY EFFICIENCY
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements for eligible projects in this category (and associated high standard of energy	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold) - Building Research	DOUBLE THE IMPROVEMENTIN ENERGY EFFICIENCY
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements for eligible projects in this category (and associated high standard of energy performance), the green	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold) - Building Research Establishment	DOUBLE THE IMPROVEMENTIN ENERGY EFFICIENCY
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements for eligible projects in this category (and associated high standard of energy performance), the green building capital investments	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold) - Building Research Establishment Environmental	DOUBLE THE IMPROVEMENTIN ENERGY EFFICIENCY
2030. Based on minimum certification level requirements for eligible projects in this category (and associated high standard of energy performance), the green	guidelines, including but not limited to the following: - - LEED (minimum Gold) - Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Method	DOUBLE THE IMPROVEMENTIN ENERGY EFFICIENCY

		Green buildings produce fewer emissions, helping to build capacity to
Green Project Category: Green B	uildings (cont'd)	
As for new buildings, the primary outcome will be the avoidance of new emissions. Presently, three of KPJ's hospitals, namely KPJ Ampang Puteri Specialist Hospital's new inpatient block, KPJ Damansara Specialist Hospital and KPJ Bandar Dato' Onn Specialist Hospital are GBI-certified.	 BCA Green Mark (minimum GoldPlus) WELL Building Standard (minimum Gold) 	meet climate change in line with SDG 13, target 13.3. TARGET 13.3 BUILD KNOWLEDGE AND CAPACITY TO MEET CLIMATE CHANGE
Green Project Category: Energy B	Efficiency	
Sustainability Objective: To support transition to a low- carbon economy, to develop low-carbon buildings and improve building energy efficiency Sustainability Benefits: • Reduction of energy consumption and avoidance of GHG emissions Hospitals consume large amounts of energy because of their round-the-clock operations, Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning (HVAC) systems and energy-intensive medical equipment. Improving energy efficiency in hospitals is key to reducing carbon emissions and energy costs. KPJ Group's energy-related initiatives are guided by the Energy Commission's Efficient Management of Electrical Energy Regulations 2008 (EMEER 2008) and the Malaysian Society for Quality in Health (MSQH) Standards (5th) Edition. This eligible subcategory addresses the top users of energy in KPJ's hospitals, HVAC	 Eligibility Criteria: Investments in resource efficient buildings, production processes, equipment, logistics and services which could result in significant improvement in the overall carbon footprint and energy consumption per patient annually, which include but are not limited to the following: Energy management consultancy services from a certified service provider Improvements to Air Conditioning Mechanical Ventilation (ACMV) systems for hospital and non-hospital buildings Improvement to lighting systems by replacing conventional light bulbs with LED lights for hospital and non- hospital buildings Scheduled and planned preventive maintenance for hospital and non- 	SDG Alignment: 7 CLEAN ENERGY Image: Clean Energy more efficiently is one of the most effective ways to reduce GHG emissions and meet growing energy demand. By lowering overall electricity demand, energy efficiency improvements help reduce the need for new electricity generation and transmission infrastructure. This eligible category is likely to make direct contribution to SDG 7, target 7.3. Image: The transmission of the transmission infrastructure. This eligible category is likely to make direct contribution to SDG 7, target 7.3. Image: The transmission infrastructure. This eligible category is likely to make direct contribution to SDG 7, target 7.3. Image: The transmission infrastructure. This eligible category is likely to make direct contribution to SDG 7, target 7.3. Image: The transmission infrastructure. Energy efficiency projects will help to build capacity to combat climate

energy-saving measures will	- Eporgy awarapass	
contribute to the achievement	 Energy awareness training 	TARGET 13·3
of national targets under	- Procurement of	
Malaysia's National Energy	medical devices with	
Efficiency Action Plan 2016 and	lower power
Green Technology Master Plan	consumption and	॑ <u>॑</u> <u></u>
Malaysia (GTMP) 2017-2030.	improved end-of-	
	product life cycle	BUILD KNOWLEDGE AND CAPACITY TO MEET CLIMATE CHANGE
	recycling	
	able Water and Wastewater Mana	gement SDG Alignment:
Sustainability Objective: Efficient water resource	Eligibility Criteria:	SDG Alignment:
management and reduced	Investments in water	CLEAN WATER
water consumption	efficiency in buildings or land	6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION
water consumption	including the use of non-	
Sustainability Benefits:	potable or reclaimed water:	
Sustainable use and protection	 to provide adequate 	
of water resources	supply of safe and clean	-
	water for the purpose of	
As a sector with high water use	cooling, cleaning and	A circular economy or resource
intensity, water sustainability	washing facilities for the	recovery approach to water and
in hospitals is vital to meet	patients and staff	wastewater management can alleviate
their current and future water	to reduce water	stress on primary water resources which are under pressure from the
demands and to protect the	consumption in hospitals	continuing population growth and
environment.	and other facilities, and	urbanisation.
	recycle, treat and reuse	
Importantly, the COVID-19	wastewater and harvest	Sustainable waste and wastewater
pandemic has underscored the importance of an adequate	rainwater	management projects will contribute
supply of safe and clean water		to SDG 6, targets 6.3 and 6.4.
for well-functioning healthcare		
facilities during an infectious		TARGET 6·3
disease outbreak. The		
sustainable management of		
water and wastewater can help		
decrease operating costs as		
well as energy and water use.		
For example, using harvested		IMPROVE WATER INCREASE WATER-USE QUALITY, WASTEWATER EFFICIENCY AND
rainwater for non-potable		TREATMENT AND SAFE REUSE ENSURE FRESHWATER SUPPLIES
functions will reduce water		
utility costs.		12 RESPONSIBLE
One of KDKs and in the state		AND PRODUCTION
One of KPJ's ongoing water- saving initiatives concerns the		$\bigcirc \bigcirc$
conservation and reuse of		
reverse osmosis (RO) reject		
water for non-potable uses		This eligible category also contributes
such as flushing, cleaning and		to SDG 12 and target 12.2.
irrigation by the end of 2022.		
		TARGET 12-2
This project category will help		
KPJ meet its sustainability		
target of reducing water usage		(See
by 20% per patient by 2025		
from its 2021 baseline.		
		SUSTAINABLE
		MANAGEMENT AND USE OF NATURAL DESCOLUZES
		RESOURCES

Sustainability Objective:	n Prevention and Control Eligibility Criteria:	SDG Alignment:
Efficient resource management		
through reduced waste	Investments to substantially	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
generation	reduce waste generation	AND WELL-BEING
	through prevention, reduction,	Λ
Sustainability Benefits:	recycling and reuse which	
Pollution prevention and	include initiatives to:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
control	 develop and implement 	
	improved processes	This eligible category contributes to
Healthcare facilities generate	towards achieving a	SDG 3 and target 3.9.
both liquid and solid wastes	circular economy to	_
	reduce, reuse	
Green Project Category: Pollutio	n Prevention and Control (cont'd)	
which may include sharp and	and recycle water, raw	TARGET 3.9
other infectious materials,	materials, non-renewable	· @'!
chemicals and radioactive	minerals, energy, other	
materials that need to be	inputs, by-products,	
sustainably managed to ensure	hazardous waste, non-	
the health and safety of	hazardous waste, general	
patients, staff, communities	waste and packaging	REDUCE ILLNESSES
and the environment. The safe	 recycle non-clinical waste 	AND DEATH FROM HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS AND
handling of hazardous	such as paper and other	POLLUTION
nealthcare waste and its final	recyclable items	
disposition is an indispensable	 track and report waste 	19 RESPONSIBLE
component of a holistic	generated by types of	
pandemic response and future	hazardous waste	AND PRODUCTION
pandemic preparedness	(schedule waste) and non-	$\bigcirc \bigcirc$
efforts.	hazardous waste	
The impact of COVID-19 on	 support the Ministry of 	
healthcare waste loads has	Environment and Water	This eligible category will contribute to
brought to fore the importance	and local communities in	SDG 12, targets 12.4 and 12.5 which
of resilient waste management	safely managing medical	aim to achieve environmentally sound
systems that are ecologically	waste to avoid	management of chemicals and all
sustainable and economically	contamination of water	wastes throughout their life cycle, and
viable in addition to meeting	sources	to reduce waste generation through
existing national regulations		prevention, reduction, recycling and
and international standards on		reuse.
healthcare waste segregation,		
destruction and disposal		TARGET 12-4 TARGET 12-5
practices.		
This eligible category will		
strengthen KPJ's waste		
management systems to safely		
and sustainably reduce and		
manage healthcare waste at a		RESPONSIBLE SUBSTANTIALLY MANAGEMENT OF REDUCE WASTE
time when the healthcare		CHEMICALS AND WASTE REDUCE WAS IE GENERATION
sector is under increasing		
pressure to reduce its carbon		10 CLIMATE
ootprint and minimise waste		J ACTION
sent to landfill. Initiatives		
promoting safe infectious		
waste management by		- Sud
communities and households,		
meanwhile, are particularly		
mportant in the context of		This eligible category will also
COVID-19 pandemic to prevent		contribute to SDG 13 and build capaci
the transmission of the virus		to combat climate change in line with
and to protect the health of the		target 13.3.
		1

general public until the pandemic is over. general the Green Project Category: Climate Climate Sustainability Objective: Climate change mitigation, adaptation and resilience Sustainability Benefits: Climate-resilient healthcare This eligible category is expected to support climate actions outside other eligible green categories in the SSF. SF.	Change Mitigation and Adaptation Eligibility Criteria: Investments to build resilient healthcare systems able to anticipate, respond to, cope with, recover from and adapt to climate risks including increased morbidity arising from natural disasters such as heatwaves, floods, droughts	TARGET 13-3 Image: Construction of the second se
 green categories in the SSF. WHO identifies four fundamental prerequisites or ensuring climate resiliency and environmental sustainability in healthcare facilities: An adequate health workforce that is climate resilient in the execution of health services; Sustainable and safe management of water, sanitation and healthcare waste services; Sustainable energy services; and Appropriate infrastructure and technologies that allow for the efficient functioning of the healthcare facility. 	 Investments in healthcare solutions to mitigate the impacts of a changing climate which include food-borne and water- borne diseases, increased air pollution, undernutrition, and heat- related mortality, exhaustion and stroke 	This eligible project category is expected to address natural resource utilisation, clean energy, among other important issues affecting the climate resiliency of the healthcare sector. In addition to SDGs 6 (targets 6.3 and 6.4), 7 (targets 7.2 and 7.3), and 12 (targets 12.2, 12.4 and 12.5) where eligible projects are related to water use efficiency, energy efficiency and natural resource utilisation, respectively, this eligible category will contribute to SDG 13 and KPJ's capacity to respond to climate change-related hazards and health risks, and to recover from and adapt to climate- related shocks and stresses (targets 13.1 and 13.3).

The Eligible Categories align with KPJ's sustainability commitments and the main ESG topics of the healthcare sector, in particular, the gaps in healthcare accessibility, affordability, and quality, as

well as healthcare's climate change impact and climate change preparedness. Collectively, the subcategories under the "Access to Essential Services" can contribute significantly to improving the quality of care and health outcomes by increasing access to quality and inclusive healthcare, as well as facilitating more integrated care that is organised around the wellness and medical needs of people and communities. MARC Ratings notes that a significant proportion of projects under this category will reside outside the four walls of the hospital which is coherent with KPJ's long-standing mission of improving the health of the people and the communities it serves and becoming more flexible and responsive to individual needs. Some of the projects will make concrete contributions to improving primary care access, which is increasingly central to the achievement of UHC, a key national and global health target.

The green project categories, meanwhile, will support KPJ's broader environmental stewardship goals and programmes with regard to strengthening climate resiliency and reducing its environmental footprint. Collectively, they address most of the domains of environmentally sustainable healthcare facilities including sustainable buildings, water conservation, energy efficiency and waste management.

IDENTIFICATION AND MITIGATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL RISKS

MARC Ratings' assessment of the environmental and social (E&S) risks associated with the Use of Proceeds categories is largely based on a high-level review of available information in the public domain, which includes sustainability-related reporting provided by KPJ.

Patient satisfaction and service quality issues

KPJ has established a clinical governance framework which allows a coherent and systematic approach to be taken to achieve safe and reliable patient-centred care. An integrated component within KPJ's corporate governance system, the framework is comprised of policies, processes, and monitoring and improvement mechanisms that promote individual and collective responsibility among all organisational members for the safety and quality of clinical care. To provide assurance to patients, authorities and other stakeholders of compliance with best-practice standards and its commitment to continual improvement of healthcare quality, KPJ seeks accreditation for its facilities from the Malaysian Society for Quality in Health (MSQH) and Joint Commission International (JCI). To date, 19 and four of KPJ's hospitals have been accredited by MSQH and JCI, respectively. In 2021, nine of KPJ's hospitals received SIRIM Customer Service Management certification. The Group also employs Service Quality Management (SQM) audits to ensure compliance with best-in-class practices.

Patient Safety and Clinical Risk Management

Safety and quality systems such as the clinical dashboard introduced in mid-2020 to monitor clinical quality indicators are integrated with governance processes to enable KPJ hospitals to actively manage and improve the safety and quality of healthcare for patients. The apex clinical committee overseeing KPJ's Clinical Governance Framework, KPJ's Medical Advisory Committee has oversight responsibility for policies, guidelines and evidence-based best practices related to improving clinical governance, clinical compliance, performance and patient safety outcomes as well as new services. KPJ reports improvement in compliance with the Malaysian Patient Safety Goals (MPSG), a benchmark for safe healthcare delivery, and that its hospitals' clinical incident rates are well within MOH and international benchmarks in its 2021 Sustainability Report.

Environmental, Health and Safety (EHS) Compliance

KPJ's hospitals adhere to the ISO45001:2018 Occupational Health and Safety Management System (OSHMS) Standard. Hospital accreditation provides continuing incentive to improve occupational health and safety (OHS) performance. The integrated management systems of 18 of its hospitals are certified to ISO 9001:2015 for quality management, ISO 14001 for environmental management, ISO 45001:2018 for occupational health and safety, and ISO 22000:2018 for food safety

management. All KPJ's employees, vendors and suppliers are required to abide by the Group's health and safety standards pursuant to its Safety, Health and Environment (SHE) policy. MARC Ratings considers the relevant EHS risks associated with the construction and refurbishment of healthcare facilities to be addressed through KPJ Group's responsible sourcing procedures. KPJ's suppliers are required to observe all regulations that apply to their industry in accordance with national laws and practices. KPJ's Supplier Code of Conduct sets out specific standards all suppliers are expected to meet to ensure the Group's sustainability objectives with respect to environmental management, responsible use of resources, workers and users' health and safety, human and labour rights as well as employment conditions are addressed throughout its supply chain. KPJ monitors supplier compliance through annual compliance confirmations. An area for improvement would be to evaluate, monitor, or control supplier performance on environmental and social issues more proactively.

Data and privacy

Digitalisation projects help increase efficiency by making it easier for patients' medical records to be accessed and shared but also create additional opportunities for new data security threats. KPJ reports₁ that, going beyond the requirements of the Personal Data Protection Act 2010, it has incorporated various security and privacy standards and protocols as defences against data breaches and cybersecurity attacks to ensure all data is secure within its private Cloud and on the Group's computers. KPJ Group's dedicated Security Operation Centre monitors all cybersecurity threats and attack attempts on a 24/7 basis. Regular vulnerability assessments are also a component of KPJ's security strategy. Such assessments help identify potential risk elements and eliminate them to prevent costly data breaches and their detrimental impacts. On a related note, KPJ is making preparations to implement the ISO/IEC 27001, an international standard to manage the security of information assets.

Procurement risks

Suppliers are required to comply with all applicable anti-corruption and bribery laws, including the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009. KPJ is generally prioritising local procurement to insulate its business from the potential risks and challenges associated with procuring supplies abroad. Local procurement will benefit the socio-economic development of the local community and help to reduce transportation's contribution to the group's carbon footprint.

On the whole, MARC Ratings believes that KPJ Group has adequate processes and capacity to manage and respond to key E&S risks associated with the Use of Proceeds categories.

Overall Impact Significance

Overall, the Use of Proceeds categories under the SSF are expected to provide highly impactful environmental and social benefits and advance the targeted SDGs. The Eligible Categories have the potential to provide clear social and environmental benefits including improved capacity for the provision of healthcare services, enhanced health, employment generation, socioeconomic advancement and empowerment, and broader economic outcomes.

Very Significant	This level of impact significance is assigned where underlying projects are expected to generate very visible positive ground level impact. Projects at this level support the realisation of long-term integrated visions of sustainable development that are consistent with global sustainability goals, as well as national sustainable development goals and priorities.
Significant	This level of impact significance is assigned where underlying projects are expected to generate a visible positive ground level impact. Projects at this level have the potential to facilitate adjustments towards a more sustainable development trajectory and to meaningfully advance national level sustainable development goals.
Fairly Significant	This level of impact significance is assigned where underlying projects are expected to generate a ground level impact which, although at a lower magnitude than that expected for higher assessment levels, is still considered noteworthy.
Marginal	This level of impact significance is assigned where underlying projects are expected to generate a positive but limited ground level impact.
Not Significant	This level of impact significance is assigned where underlying projects are expected to have negligible ground level impact.

02

ALIGNMENT WITH ASEAN STANDARDS, ICMA PRINCIPLES AND SRI SUKUK FRAMEWORK



Funds raised by issuance of Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah will be used to fund Eligible Assets falling within Eligible Categories that are aligned with the green and/or social project categories recognised by the ASEAN Standards and SRI Sukuk Framework. The SSF also maps the Eligible Categories to the relevant SDGs, specifically 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, and 13. The Eligible Categories may be extended in the future provided such additional categories are in alignment with the ASEAN Standards and SC's SRI Sukuk Framework.

KPJ has defined environmental and social objectives for its Use of Proceeds categories, which align with the issuer's sustainability strategy and material ESG topics for the issuer's industry. The rationale for issuing the sukuk is also clearly described by the issuer.

KPJ expects to allocate the net sukuk proceeds as follows:

	% of allocated total net proceeds
New projects committed to and financed after issue date	29%
Existing projects financed before issue date	40%
Projects committed to prior to issue date but will only be financed after issue date	31%

A look-back period will not be applied to refinanced Eligible Projects which are estimated to constitute 40% of the allocation of net sukuk proceeds. KPJ has committed to provide transparency on the share of proceeds used for financing and refinancing purposes in its allocation reporting.



The process for project evaluation and selection is outlined in the SSF. Eligibility Criteria for Eligible Asset selection and exclusion have been clearly defined by KPJ for a majority of Eligible Assets. In addition to fossil fuel-related projects or investments and activities that are ineligible under the ASEAN Standards, net proceeds will not be used to fund business activities, products and services explicitly identified in the SSF as non-Shariah compliant and excluded aesthetic services listed in the SSF. Mixed Activities businesses (which consist of both Shariah-compliant and Shariah non-compliant businesses) may be funded under the SSF provided that the revenue generated from non-Shariah-compliant activities is below 33% of total revenue of the company.

The SWC, a cross-functional working group, will review potential Eligible Assets and verify the eligibility of the Eligible Assets in accordance with the Eligibility Criteria set out in the SSF. Chaired by President and Managing Director (PMD), membership of the SWC is composed of the Chief Corporate Officer (alternate Chair), Transformation Management Office, Heads of Risk Management and Compliance, respectively, Asset & Facilities Management Service, Chief Integrity Officer, as well as representation from Regional CEOs, Talent Management, and the offices of the Chief Commercial Officer and Chief Operations Officer. Significant Eligible Assets will require the approval of KPJ's investment committee or its board of directors (BoD). As part of its internal control process, KPJ is in the midst of developing policies to govern the approval authorities and authorisation limits for the utilisation of proceeds in respect of Eligible Assets.

The SWC is responsible for monitoring the Eligible Assets portfolio, the eligibility of specific Eligible Assets, as well as potential ESG issues and/or concerns associated with funded projects throughout the life of the transaction. The SWC will be responsible for replacing an Eligible Asset if it no longer meets the eligibility criteria. If any such Eligible Asset is no longer eligible, KPJ Group will replace it with another Eligible Asset in accordance with the process for project evaluation and selection outlined in the SSF. The SWC meets once a month and reports directly to the PMD on the utilisation of the proceeds for Eligible Assets, subsequently to the BOD on a quarterly basis.

Management of Proceeds

Reporting

KPJ Group's Finance Division will track its sukuk proceeds internally. Pending full allocation, KPJ will hold its unallocated proceeds in cash, cash equivalents and/or other Shariah-compliant marketable instruments as per its liquidity policy, subject further to the terms and conditions of the Sukuk Wakalah Programme. If an Eligible Asset ceases to comply with the SSF, KPJ has committed to reallocate proceeds to new Eligible Assets that are compliant with the SSF as soon as reasonably practicable. MARC Ratings assesses this process to be aligned with market practices. KPJ has committed to provide information on the balance of the unallocated net proceeds and where such unallocated and/or unutilised proceeds are placed or invested pending utilisation in its allocation reporting.

KPJ commits to providing allocation and impact reporting in a Sustainability Sukuk Report which will be made available to the public on its corporate website annually. Reporting inclusions in the Sustainability Sukuk Report include:

- 1. Use of Proceeds Allocation:
 - a list of Eligible Assets under the respective project categories funded or to be funded by the sukuk proceeds and the description thereof;
 - aggregate total amount of sukuk proceeds allocated and utilised for each project category;
 - removal or substitution of Eligible Assets;
 - portion of financing and refinancing;
 - remaining balance of the unallocated and/or unutilised sukuk proceeds and where such unallocated and/or unutilised amount is placed or invested pending utilisation; and
 - confirmation that the utilisation of sukuk proceeds conforms to the SSF.

2. Impact:

Impact reporting on the Eligible Assets based on a range of social and/or environmental indicators for Eligible Assets set out in the "Impact Reporting" section of the SSF.

This process is in line with market practices. With regard to impact reporting, MARC Ratings views positively KPJ's intention to provide



relevant and quantifiable impact metrics. The reporting process and commitments appear to be good and they are formalised in the SSF. Additionally, a board committee, KPJ's Risk & Governance Committee (RGC) has been given the responsibility for monitoring the Group's sustainability performance, its sustainability reporting and disclosures.

In summary, the proceeds are intended to be used by KPJ Group for the financing of a portfolio of Eligible Assets defined, selected, managed and reported on, in accordance with the SSF. MARC Ratings is of the opinion that the SSF, in turn, aligns with the four common core components of the ASEAN Standards, ICMA Principles and SC's SRI Sukuk Framework (Use of Proceeds, Process for Project Evaluation and Selection, Management of Proceeds and Reporting).

Overall Assessment

	Clarity of Issuance Process and Disclosure	Total Score
\boxtimes	High	10- 12 points
	Good	7 -9 points
	Satisfactory	4 – 6 points
	Low	Below 4 points

Equal weighting is given to each of the four principles in arriving at the total score which is then expressed on the above four-point descriptive scale which ranges from High to Low.

Assessment Grade	High	Good	Satisfactory	Low
	3	2	1	0

03 ANALYSIS OF SUSTAINABILITY PERFORMANCE

Sustainability to KPJ is about long-term value creation within the triple Economic, Environmental, and Social or EES context. KPJ recognises that responsibly balancing its economic ambitions with social and environmental considerations is vital to delivering its core functions in a sustainable way and creating long-term value for its stakeholders. Since 2016, KPJ has been elevating and incorporating sustainability within its overall strategy and operations to drive sustainable business growth that contributes to the socioeconomic well-being of communities and the nation. KPJ Group has since aligned business sustainability with sustainable development by embedding SDGs into its business goals. KPJ has drawn up a Three-Year Sustainability Roadmap (2023 through 2025) with a total of 29 enhanced and new ESG initiatives aimed at promoting healthy communities and holistic care of patients; fostering its people, protecting the environment and upholding good governance.

KPJ's sustainability governance structure ensures sufficient backing from key decision-makers to develop and sustain the Group's sustainability efforts. The membership of its SWC cuts across business operations and support functions to drive genuine engagement on sustainability issues and support the PMD in steering the Group towards a triple bottom line. Meanwhile, KPJ's Transformation Management Office oversees the Group's sustainability initiatives and performance on corresponding targets while its board-level RGC oversees the overall risk management and governance process including EES risks within the Group.

In the Social domain, KPJ's strategic priorities for 2022 through 2026 align with health system objectives of enhancing access, efficiency and quality. KPJ is focusing its efforts on providing access to quality and inclusive healthcare while delivering sustainable business growth. Efficiency wise, KPJ is also looking to optimise its utilisation of healthcare resources through a hub-and-spoke approach which will see patients routed to the main campus or hub for more intensive medical interventions by ACCs and outpatient clinics or smaller satellite hospitals in the case of lesser populated regions. In addition to helping to connect patients to the appropriate point of care, the hub-and-spoke model will also permit the bulk of healthcare needs of the populace to be addressed locally in less costly care settings. Cost optimisation strategies are also a focus in 2022; KPJ aims to curtail supply-related purchasing costs through increased centralised spending and improved inventory management.

Having pivoted to meet new demands brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic, providing a strong and robust continuum of care -- from prevention, raising awareness, diagnosis and treatment, to post-treatment support - remains a topmost priority of the Group. This is in line with its commitment to improve the health of the people and communities through and beyond the pandemic. Apart from KPJ's regular ESG reporting, this commitment is reflected in the SSF, in particular the new and/or existing social projects that are outlined in the "Access to Essential Services" Use of Proceeds categories and most notably in the support extended by KPJ to the Malaysian Government in implementing the latter's COVID-19 response. Since the beginning of the pandemic, KPJ has supported the public sector hospitals by assisting in the treatment of MOH-decanted non-COVID-19 patients and decanted COVID-19 patients subsequently as well, and has actively participated in the national vaccination programme. KPJ's 17 KWAN and seven mobile clinics across Malaysia are an example of its equitable access strategy in action.

Additionally, through its presence in key components of the healthcare ecosystem, KPJ contributes to strengthening the health system through addressing gaps in wellness and healthcare needs, improving access to quality healthcare as well as building the future healthcare workforce. KPJ is also helping to drive the accessibility of affordable healthcare for all by collaborating with the government and healthcare insurers and non-government organisations (NGOs) to make healthcare affordable for low-

and middle-income families, including vaccines, diagnostic tests, pharmaceuticals, supplements and family planning. Technology is expected to play an important role in KPJ's model of integrated patient-centred care in which the pathways of care are designed around people and their needs, and care is provided when and where it is needed. Technology innovation will be prioritised by KPJ to deliver high quality patient-centric healthcare services and to continuously improve clinical outcomes.

Having made formalised commitments on managing the environmental impacts of its healthcare operations, KPJ monitors environmental impacts of its activities and establishes measurable objectives and targets aimed at improving its environmental performance. It publishes quantitative environmental performance data on the Group's 19 MSQH-accredited hospitals in its annual sustainability report. Each KPJ hospital has its own Safety, Health and Environment (SHE) committee which is responsible for oversight of all SHE matters within the hospital and ensures compliance with the Group's SHE policy on energy and water consumption, as well as conventional and hazardous waste disposal, among others. To make its operations more environmentally sustainable, KPJ is looking into its energy and water use, and waste streams. A wide range of green projects in three main areas, namely energy, waste and water, are listed as Eligible Assets under the SSF. KPJ measures and monitors energy, water and printing cost per patient, and reports this to the BOD and shareholders. The reduction of operating cost through conservation and waste minimisation will help KPJ become a better steward both financially and environmentally.

KPJ is incorporating climate-related risks into its risk management framework in 2022 and developing a climate change adaptation plan. KPJ's climate action includes reducing GHG emissions, reducing energy and water use, reducing resource use such as single-use plastics where it is safe to do so, increasing recycling and promoting sustainable development and responsible procurement. For 2022, it is targeting to reduce 5% of its GHG emissions and has indicated that it is exploring sustainable energy sources in managing the energy transition to cleaner energy. KPJ has a goal to achieve net zero emissions by 2050 and plans to draw up a detailed roadmap to reach Net Zero. Most of the key environmental sustainability initiatives that will support KPJ hospitals in becoming more climate-resilient and environmentally sustainable are reflected in its comprehensive SSF.

KPJ's sustainability reporting aligns with the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) Standards and closely adheres the guidelines of Bursa Malaysia's Sustainability Reporting Guide and FTSE4Good Bursa Malaysia Index criteria. MARC Ratings views positively KPJ's intention to publish its sustainability targets and commitments in its 2022 annual sustainability report to drive continued engagement and commitment to the sustainability goals throughout the organisation. KPJ also intends to enhance the transparency of its sustainability-related disclosures and to align the same with global reporting standards, including Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) requirements.

Overall, MARC Ratings believes that KPJ's sustainability performance to date provides reasonably high assurance of its sustainability implementation capacity and performance.

Sustainability Performance Assessment

Excellent/Highest Assurance	The issuer positions itself as a sustainability leader in its industry, ranking in the "top tiers" of performance across multiple categories of engagement, ranging from supply chain management to environmental performance. Sustainability-related risks and opportunities are integrated with the business strategy. Well-defined sustainability policies and practices are augmented by strong accountability systems which allow for a benchmarking of the issuer's performance against stated objectives and the incorporation of external assurance in its sustainability reporting framework.
Very Good/High	The issuer has integrated risk-based sustainability considerations in its operations and has a robust process for assessing significant sustainability risks exposures to minimise adverse impacts on its business. The focus of the issuer's sustainability performance monitoring and evaluation is on managing risk exposures to minimise downside risk. Globally-recognised best practice reporting frameworks guide the issuer's sustainability reporting.
Good/Medium	The issuer has adopted a CSR-centric sustainability strategy that prioritises stakeholder engagement and goodwill building. Sustainability is a small part of the issuer's business strategy, nonetheless there is evidence to suggest that its sustainability performance has progressed beyond maintaining regulatory compliance. The issuer has implemented general sustainability reporting to investors.
Fair/Basic	The issuer has a policy of regulatory compliance but has yet to incorporate sustainability considerations into its business operations. At this performance level, the goal of sustainability management is to achieve and maintain compliance with health, safety, and environmental requirements mandated by government laws and regulations.
Poor/Weak	The issuer has a record of poor sustainability performance or operates in unsustainable industries.

MARC Ratings assessment of the issuer's sustainability implementation capabilities and performance is expressed on a five-level descriptive scale that runs from "Excellent" to "Poor" which corresponds to five levels of assurance (Highest, High, Medium, Basic and Weak). The assurance level can be interpreted as a measure of MARC Ratings' confidence in the issuer's continuing performance of its sustainability obligations in line with marketplace expectations and in compliance with its sustainability framework for the bonds or sukuk issuance.

04 RATING SCALE

GRADE

DESCRIPTION

Bonds assessed at this level are judged to offer very significant environmental and/or social sustainability impact based on the projects supported or expected to be supported by the bond issuance. The processes used or to be used for the allocation and administration of proceeds, decision making process of eligible projects and the reporting of performance indicators are consistent with the core principles of the GBP and/or SBP and applicable market guidance or standards and should support high standards of accountability and transparency.



Bonds assessed at this level are judged to offer significant environmental and/or social sustainability impact based on the projects supported or expected to be supported by the bond issuance. The processes used or to be used for the allocation and administration of proceeds, decision making process of eligible projects and the reporting of performance indicators are consistent with the core principles of the GBP and/or SBP and applicable market guidance or standards and should support good standards of accountability and transparency.



Bonds assessed at this level are judged to offer fairly significant environmental and/or social sustainability impact based on the projects supported or expected to be supported by the bond issuance. The processes used or to be used for the allocation and administration of proceeds, decision making process of eligible projects and the reporting of performance indicators are consistent with the core principles of the GBP and/or SBP and applicable market guidance or standards and should support satisfactory standards of accountability and transparency. Minor shortcomings exist in the areas assessed but none of major concern.

MARC RATINGS BERHAD

MARC Ratings Berhad was incorporated as a public limited company to undertake the business of providing credit rating services, as well as economic and fixed-income research publications, on behalf of the MARC group of companies.

Effective January 1, 2022, Malaysian Rating Corporation Berhad (MARC) transferred its regulatory license as a credit rating agency with the SC and the Bank Negara Malaysia-accredited External Credit Assessment Institution (ECAI) status under Basel II to its wholly-owned subsidiary MARC Ratings. MARC Ratings continues to adopt practices and procedures for Domestic Credit Rating Agencies based on the guidance on the Code of Conduct Fundamentals provided by the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) and the Association of Credit Rating Agencies in Asia (ACRAA). MARC Ratings continues to consult international best practices and the International Capital Market Association's Guidelines for Green, Social and Sustainability Bonds External Reviews in its conduct of external reviews, particularly in relation to the organisation and content of external reviews.

Following a series of outreach and external reviewer capacity building initiatives jointly undertaken by domestic market regulators and World Bank Group, MARC published its proposed criteria for rating green, social or sustainability bonds in April 2018. The version that was adopted in July 2018 after public consultation can be accessed on MARC's corporate website at https://www.marc.com.my/images/Rating_Methodologies/201912_/Impact-Bonds-Assessment-Criteria-201912-newlogo-.pdf. As explained in the criteria, the analytical framework consists of three components that provide insights to the green, social and sustainability credentials of green, social and sustainability bonds: (1) an assessment of environmental and/or social benefits of the underlying funded project(s); (2) an assessment of compliance with internationally recognised principles and market standards for the evaluation of such bonds; and (3) an evaluation of the issuer's sustainability strategy and performance. Bonds which meet the minimum thresholds in each of the three analytical components will be rated Gold, Silver or Bronze.

For more information, visit <u>https://www.marc.com.my/</u> or contact us at <u>ratings@marc.com.my</u>.

Review of Compliance with ASEAN Standards 2018 and SRI Sukuk Framework 2022

Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd Sustainability Sukuk Framework (SSF) Key Additional Features to complied with:

The proceeds allocated for the Project must not be used for ineligible projects specified by the ASEAN GBS (i.e. fossil fuel power generation projects) as well as the ASEAN SBS (i.e. projects which involve activities that pose a negative social impact related to alcohol, gambling, tobacco and weaponry).

Continuous accessibility of information on use of proceeds, process for project evaluation and selection, and management of proceeds to investors throughout the tenure of the sukuk.

Periodic reporting on the allocation of the sukuk proceeds.

The external reviewer's credentials and scope of review conducted to be made publicly accessible from a website designated by the Issuer throughout the tenure of the sukuk.

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
<i>Issuer</i> <u>ASEAN Standards</u> 3.1 The issuer must be an ASEAN issuer, or the eligible green and/or social project(s) must be in an ASEAN country.	Point Zone (M) Sdn Bhd is an ASEAN issuer.	
7.04 An issuer who wishes to issue an SRI sukuk must establish policies and processes to ensure compliance with the SRI Sukuk Framework as set out in these Guidelines.	The issuer and guarantor, KPJ Healthcare Berhad, will establish policies and processes as needed to ensure compliance with the SRI Sukuk Framework.	
Use of Proceeds <u>ASEAN Standards</u> 4.1 4.1.1 The utilisation of issue proceeds must be described in the documentation for issuance.	The utilisation of issue proceeds is clearly described in the SSF.	
4.1.2 The Issuer must disclose the following information: The categories of eligible Green and/or Social Projects to which the issue proceeds will be allocated; and/or the information on specific Green and/or Social Projects in the case where the issuer has identified the specific Green and/or Social Projects to which the issue proceeds will be allocated.	Complied. The SSF lists eligible categories which align to two social project categories and five green project categories recognised by the ASEAN Standards. Refer to assessment of compliance with the SRI Sukuk Framework 7.08.	
4.1.3 All designated Green and/or Social Projects must provide clear environmental/social benefits, which will be assessed and, where feasible, quantified by the Issuer.	The use of proceeds project categories set out in the SSF are recognised as impactful by the ASEAN Standards.	

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Use of Proceeds cont'd		
4.1.4 In the event that all or a proportion of the proceeds are or may be used for refinancing, it is recommended that Issuers provide an estimate of the share of financing and refinancing, and where appropriate, also clarify which investments or project portfolios may be refinanced and, to the extent relevant, the expected look-back period for refinanced projects.	The issuer has committed to provide information on the allocation of proceeds to new financing and refinancing. The issuer has provided an estimate of financing and refinancing but not the expected look-back period for refinanced Eligible Assets.	
<u>SRI Sukuk Framework</u>		
7.10 An issuer must ensure that the proceeds raised from the issuance of the SRI sukuk are utilised only for the purpose of funding any activities or transactions relating to the Eligible SRI projects.	In relation to 7.10 and 7.11, the proceeds (of Sukuk) will not be used to fund new or existing assets, businesses, projects and/or products falling outside of the Eligible Assets.	
7.11 In relation to the activities or transactions that involve acquisition of a company which carries on the Eligible SRI projects, an issuer must ensure that the company that is to be acquired does not carry on any other business or projects except for the Eligible SRI projects.		
Process for Project Evaluation and		
Selection <u>ASEAN Standards</u> 4.2 4.2.1 The issuer must clearly communicate to investors:		
(i) The environmental/social sustainability objectives;	The Eligible Categories are framed in the context of SDGs with specific E&S objectives.	
 (ii) The process by which the Issuer determines how the projects fit within the identified eligible project categories; and 	The SSF details an internal process by which Eligible Assets are assessed and selected to ensure they fit within the identified eligible project categories.	
(iii) The related eligibility criteria, including, if applicable, exclusion criteria or any other process applied to identify and manage potentially material environmental and social (E&S) risks associated with the selected projects.	The eligibility criteria are clearly communicated in the SSF. The issuer has provided exclusion criteria or description of any other process applied to identify and manage potentially material E&S risks (associated with the selected projects) in the SSF.	Our review of the issuer's E&S risk management measures suggest that processes in place to identify and manage potentially material E&S risks associated with selected projects are adequate overall.

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Process for Project Evaluation and Selection cont'd		
4.2.2 The Issuer must establish the process for project evaluation and selection prior to the issuance of the Bonds and disclose the same to investors in the documentation for the issuance of the Bonds.	The issuer has described in the SSF an internal process for project evaluation and selection which involves a cross- functional SWC.	The SSF specifies third-party certifications to
4.2.3 Issuers are encouraged to position this information within the context of the Issuer's overarching objectives, strategy, policy and/or processes relating to environmental and social sustainability. Issuers are also encouraged to disclose any green and social standards or certifications referenced in project selection.	The issuer has positioned this information in the context of KPJ's overarching sustainability goals and focus SDGs.	be used to qualify Eligible Assets in the 'Green Buildings' Use of Proceeds category.
4.2.4 It is recommended that the Issuer's process for project evaluation and selection be supported by an external review.	The issuer has appointed MARC Ratings as external reviewer for its SSF.	Review of the SSF.
 4.2.5 The Issuer must make the following publicly available on a website designated by the Issuer at the time of the issuance and throughout the tenure of the Bonds: (i) The process for project evaluation; (ii) The use of proceeds; and (iii) External review report on the process (if any) 	The issuer has committed to make the required information available on its corporate website at <u>https://www.kpjhealth.com.my</u> .	The SSF will provide information on the process for project evaluation, and it will issue a progress report on an annual basis (Sustainability Sukuk Report) that will provide information on the allocation and impacts throughout the tenure of the Sukuk. MARC Ratings' external review assessment will also be made available on KPJ's corporate website.
<u>SRI Sukuk Framework</u>		
 Eligible Projects 7.07 An eligible SRI project refers to a project that seeks to achieve any one or a combination of the following objectives: (a) Preserving and protecting the environment and natural resources; (b) Conserving the use of energy; (c) Promoting the use of renewable energy; (d) Reducing GHG emission; (e) Addressing or mitigating a specific social issue or seeking to achieve positive social outcomes especially but not exclusively for a target population; or (f) Improving the quality of life of the society. 	Eligible projects as defined by the SSF will achieve any one or a combination of objectives (a) through (f) set out in paragraph 7.07 of the SRI Sukuk Framework.	

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
7.08		
The Eligible SRI projects may include	Eligible project categories detailed in	
but are not limited to the following:	the SSF align with eligible SRI project	
(a) Green projects that relate to,	categories in paragraph 7.08 (a) and (b)	
among others – renewable energy;	of the SRI Sukuk Framework.	
energy efficiency; pollution		
prevention and control;	Eligible social project categories include:	
environmentally sustainable	Access to essential services; and	
management of living natural	Socioeconomic advancement and	
resources and land use; clean	empowerment while eligible green	
transportation; sustainable water	project categories include:	
and wastewater management;	Green buildings	
climate change adaptation; eco-	 Energy efficiency Sustainable water and 	
efficient and/or circular economy adapted products; and green	wastewater management	
buildings which meet regional,	Pollution prevention and control	
national, or internationally	Climate change adaptation	
recognised standards or	chinate enunge adaptation	
certifications.		
(b) Social projects that relate to,		
among others – affordable basic		
infrastructure; access to essential		
services; affordable housing;		
employment generation including		
the potential effect of SME		
financing and microfinance; food		
security; and socioeconomic		
advancement and empowerment.		
(c) Projects which are a combination		
of Green and Social projects as		
described in (a) and (b) above; and		
(d) Waqf projects that relate to the		
development of waqf properties or		
assets.		
7.12	The issues have dependent in the CCE and	
An issuer must establish internal	The issuer has described in the SSF an	
processes for evaluation and selection	internal process for project evaluation	
of the Eligible SRI projects as identified	and selection which involves a cross- functional SWC.	
in paragraph 7.08 above.		
Management of Proceeds		
ASEAN Standards		
4.3		
4.3.1		
Prior to the issuance of the Bonds, the	Prior to issuance, the issuer will make	
Issuer must disclose to investors in the	the SSF available to investors. The SSF	
documentation for the issuance of the	describes the process for managing the	
Bonds, the process for managing the	net proceeds from the Sukuk.	
net proceeds from the Bonds.		
4.3.2		
4.3.2 The net proceeds of the Bonds, or an	The net proceeds from the issue of	
amount equal to these net proceeds,	Sukuk will be internally tracked. The	
must be credited into a sub-account,	balance of unallocated net proceeds will	
moved to a sub-portfolio or otherwise	be held in cash, cash equivalents and/or	
tracked by the Issuer in an appropriate	other Shariah-compliant marketable	
manner and attested	instruments in accordance with KPJ	
to by a formal internal process.	Group's liquidity policy.	
· · · · ·		

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Management of Proceeds cont'd		
The total amount deployed from the net proceeds for the eligible projects need not occur simultaneously.		
4.3.3 As long as the Bonds are outstanding, the balance of the tracked net proceeds must be periodically adjusted to match allocations to eligible projects made during that period.	KPJ will allocate an amount equivalent to the net proceeds to eligible projects. The disclosure commitments and processes to manage and track proceeds ensure the requirement for periodic reconciliation of tracked net proceeds to allocations to eligible projects will be met over the lifetime of the Sukuk.	The disclosure and processes to manage proceeds are generally in line with market practice.
4.3.4 The Issuer must also disclose to investors in the documentation for the issuance of the Bonds the intended types of temporary placement for the balance of unallocated net proceeds. 4.3.5 It is recommended that the Issuer's management of proceeds be supplemented by the use of an auditor, or other third party, to verify the internal tracking method and the allocation of funds from the Bonds	The SSF discloses the intended types of temporary placement for the balance of unallocated net proceeds. The appointment of an auditor or other third party to verify on an annual basis the proceeds allocated and the remaining balance is encouraged by MARC Ratings.	
4.3.6 Where the Issuer appoints an auditor or other third party to verify the Issuer's management of proceeds, the Issuer must make the report produced by the auditor or other third party publicly available on a website designated by the Issuer at the time of the issuance of the Bonds.	[There is no provision for the appointment of the auditor or third party to verify the Issuer's management of proceeds in SSF.]	
SRI Sukuk Framework 7.13 An issuer must ensure that the proceeds allocated for the Eligible SRI projects are credited into a designated account or otherwise tracked in an appropriate manner.	KPJ will monitor the allocation of the Sukuk proceeds and the Eligible Assets portfolio internally in an appropriate manner.	
Reporting <u>ASEAN Standards</u> 4.4 4.4.1 Issuers must report to investors at least on an annual basis and are encouraged to make more frequent reporting on the use of proceeds until full allocation, and on a timely basis in the case of material developments.	KPJ intends to provide annual reporting to the sukukholders via its Sustainability Sukuk Report on the following, among others:	

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Reporting cont'd	-	
The annual report should include a list of the projects to which the Bonds proceeds have been allocated, as well as a brief description of the projects and the amounts allocated, and their expected impact.	 categories funded or to be funded by the Sukuk proceeds and the description thereof; aggregate total amount of Sukuk proceeds allocated and utilised for each project category; removal or substitution of Eligible Assets; portion of financing and refinancing; remaining balance of the unallocated and/or unutilised Sukuk proceeds and where such unallocated and/or unutilised amount is placed or invested pending utilisation; and confirmation that the utilisation of Sukuk proceeds conforms to the SSF. 	
4.4.2 Where confidentiality agreements, competitive considerations, or a large number of underlying projects limit the amount of detail that can be made available, the Issuer may present the information in generic terms or on an aggregated portfolio basis (e.g. percentage allocated to certain project categories).	The underlying projects will be determined closer to issuance and KPJ/Issuer will present the information in generic terms or on an aggregated portfolio basis where disclosure of project level information is precluded by competition and confidentiality considerations.	
4.4.3 It is recommended that Issuers use qualitative performance indicators, and where feasible, quantitative performance measures and disclose the key underlying methodology and/or assumptions used in the quantitative determination.	KPJ intends to report on a range of environmental and social impact indicators for Eligible Assets funded with the sukuk in the Sustainability Sukuk Report. An exemplary selection of potential impact indicators is provided in the SSF.	
4.4.4 It is recommended that the Issuer's annual reporting on the use of proceeds be supplemented by a confirmation of such use of proceeds by an external reviewer along with any relevant updates of the external review.	Updates of the external review are encouraged by the ASEAN Standards but are strictly voluntary.	
4.4.5 The Issuer must provide to investors the annual reporting and the external review on the annual reporting, if any, through a website designated by the Issuer and/or annual reports throughout the tenure of the Bonds.	KPJ commits to publish annually and throughout the tenure of the Sukuk a Sustainability Sukuk Report on its corporate website at <u>https://www.kpjhealth.com.my</u> .	

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Reporting cont'd		
<u>SRI Sukuk Framework</u>		
7.14	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
An issuer must provide the following	compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.4.1	
information to the sukukholders annually through a designated		
website:		
(a) The original amount allocated for		
the Eligible SRI projects;		
(b) The amount utilised for the		
Eligible SRI projects;		
(c) The unutilised amount and where		
such unutilised amount is placed		
or invested pending utilisation;		
and		
(d) The list of the Eligible SRI projects		
in which the SRI sukuk proceeds		
have been allocated to and a		
brief description of the said		
Eligible SRI projects and their		
impact or expected impact,		
including the key underlying methodology or assumptions		
used to determine the impact or		
expected impact.		
7.15		
Where an issuer is unable to make	KPJ is expected to provide the	
available comprehensive information	information on Eligible Asset level	
as specified in paragraph 7.14 above	where practicable and per category	
due to confidentiality agreements or	otherwise.	
competitive considerations, such issuer		
may provide the information in generic		
terms or on an aggregated portfolio		
basis (e.g. percentage allocated to		
certain project categories)		
7.10		
7.16		
The following information must be included:		
included: a) The overall SRI objectives that the	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
issuer intends to achieve;	compliance with ASEAN Standards	
	4.2.1.	
b) The utilisation of proceeds from the	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
issuance of the SRI sukuk. Where all	compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.1.1	
or part of the proceeds are used for	and 4.1.4.	
refinancing, an issuer must provide		
the amount of proceeds being		
allocated for refinancing and which		
Eligible SRI projects to be		
refinanced;		
c) The Eligible SRI projects in which	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
the proceeds will be allocated;	compliance with ASEAN Standards	
	4.1.2.	
d) The details of the Eligible SRI	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
projects and to the extent possible,	compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.1.3	
e) impact objectives from the Eligible	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
SRI projects;	compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.2.	
f) The processes used to evaluate and	Complied. Refer to assessment of	
select the Eligible SRI projects;	compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.2.	

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
g) The criteria used by the issuer to identify and manage material environmental or social risks associated with the Eligible SRI projects;	Complied. Refer to assessment of compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.2.	
 h) The processes used by the issuer to manage the proceeds from the issuance of the SRI sukuk; and i) A statement that the issuer has complied with the relevant environmental, social and governance standards or recognised best practices relating to the Eligible SRI projects. 	Complied. Refer to assessment of compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.3. Complied.	
External Review ASEAN Standards		
5.1 Issuers are recommended to appoint external review providers for the bond issuances or programmes.	MARC Ratings has been engaged as independent external reviewer for the SSF.	
5.2 The external review may be partial, covering only certain aspects of the bonds framework or full, assessing alignment with all four core components as stated in the relevant standards.	The review conducted by MARC Ratings is a full review and addresses alignment with all four components of the relevant standards.	MARC Ratings has established a transparent score-based framework for its green, social and sustainability bond assessments analysis that is published on the agency's website. The differentiated approach taken recognises that some projects offer more environmental and/or social benefits than others.
5.3 The external review provider must have the relevant expertise and experience in the components of the Bonds which they are reviewing.	MARC Ratings is registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia as a credit rating agency and has conducted the external review according to the analytical framework in MARC Ratings' Impact Bond Assessment (IBA) methodology.	
5.4 The external review provider must also disclose their relevant credentials and expertise, and the scope of the review conducted in the external review report.	Required disclosure of the external review provider's relevant credentials and expertise, and the scope of the review will be made in the external review report.	
SRI Sukuk Framework 7.17 If an external reviewer is appointed to assess and provide report on the Eligible SRI projects or the issuer's compliance with the requirements under these Guidelines, such external reviewer's report must be made available on the designated website.	Complied. Refer to assessment of compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.4.5.	

Review of Compliance with ICMA's Green Bond Principles, Social Bond Principles and Sustainability Bond Guidelines 2021

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Use of Proceeds		
The utilisation of the Green/Social/Sustainability Bond proceeds should be appropriately described in the legal documentation of the security.	The utilisation of issue proceeds is clearly described in the SSF.	
All designated eligible Green and/or Social Projects should provide clear environmental and/or social benefits, which will be assessed and, where feasible, quantified by the issuer.	Each of SSF's eligible categories have been aligned with the relevant SDGs. The SSF links KPJ's sustainability strategy to its funding of sustainability initiatives related to providing access to quality and inclusive healthcare; delivering better integrated care; providing a strong and robust continuum of care that addresses community and population needs; and lowering its carbon impact while enhancing resource management.	
In the event that all or a proportion of the proceeds are or may be used for refinancing, it is recommended that issuers provide an estimate of the share of financing vs. re-financing, and where appropriate, also clarify which investments or project portfolios may be refinanced, and, to the extent relevant, the expected look-back period for refinanced eligible Green and/or Social Projects.	The issuer has estimated the share of financing vs. refinancing as 60:40.	
Process for Project Evaluation and Selection		
 The following should be clearly communicated to investors: The environmental sustainability and/or social objectives of the eligible Green and/or Social Projects; The process by which the issuer determines how the projects fit within the eligible Green and/or Social Projects categories; and Complementary information on processes by which the issuer identifies and manages perceived social and environmental risks associated with the relevant project(s). 	This is clearly defined. The Process for Project Evaluation and Selection is disclosed in the SSF. The Issuer has provided information on processes by which it identifies and manages perceived social and environmental risks associated with the relevant project(s).	

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Process for Project Evaluation and		
Selection cont'd		
Issuers are also encouraged to:		
• Position the information	The information communicated above is	
communicated above within the	positioned within the context of the	
context of the issuer's overarching	issuer's overarching objectives, strategy,	
objectives, strategy, policy and/or	policy and/or processes relating to	
processes relating to environmental	environmental and/or sustainability.	
and/or sustainability.	The SSF specifies third-party	
• Provide information, if relevant, on	certifications to be used to qualify	
the alignment of projects with	Eligible Assets in the 'Green Buildings'	
official or market-based	Use of Proceeds category.	
taxonomies (as applicable to Green		
Projects), related eligibility criteria,		
including if applicable, exclusion		
criteria; and also disclose any green		
and/or social standards or		
certifications referenced in project		
selection.	KPJ has a process in place to identify	
 Have a process in place to identify 	mitigants to known material risks of	
mitigants to known material risks	negative social and/or environmental	
of negative social and/or	impacts from the relevant project(s).	
environmental impacts from the		
relevant project(s).		
Management of Proceeds		
The net proceeds of the	KDI Group's Finance Division will	
The net proceeds of the	KPJ Group's Finance Division will internally track and monitor the	
Green/Social/Sustainability Bond, or an amount equal to these net	allocation of proceeds to Eligible Assets,	
proceeds, should be credited to a sub-	the balance of unallocated proceeds	
account, moved to a sub-portfolio or	and the temporary investments in which	
otherwise tracked by the issuer in an	such unallocated amount is held	
appropriate manner, and attested to	pending utilisation. The SSF provides for	
by the issuer in a formal internal	the addition of Eligible Assets to the	
process linked to the issuer's lending	portfolio of Eligible Assets where	
and investment operations for eligible	necessary to 'ensure efficient and timely	
Green and/or Social Projects.	distribution and utilisation' of the sukuk	
	proceeds.	
So long as the		
Green/Social/Sustainability Bond is		
outstanding, the balance of the		
tracked net proceeds should be		
periodically adjusted to match		
allocations to eligible Green and/or		
Social Projects made during that		
period.		
The issuer should make known to	KPJ has disclosed that all temporary	
investors the intended types of	investments will be held in Shariah-	
temporary placement for the balance of unallocated net proceeds.	compliant marketable instruments or	
oj ununocuteu net proceeus.	cash and cash equivalents in accordance with KPJ Group's liquidity policy.	
It is recommended that the	with Kry Group's liquidity policy.	
management of proceeds be		
supplemented by the use of an		
external auditor, or other third party,		
to verify the internal tracking method		
to veryy the internal tracking method		

Criteria	Compliance with criteria	Remarks/Scope of Work Undertaken
Management of Proceeds (cont'd)		
and the allocation of funds from the		
Green/Social/Sustainability Bond		
proceeds.		
proceeds		
Reporting		
Issuers should make, and keep, readily available up to date information on the use of proceeds to be renewed annually until full allocation, and on a timely basis in case of material developments.	KPJ has committed to annual allocation and impact reporting for as long as the Sukuk remains outstanding	KPJ will publish a Sustainability Sukuk Report annually which shall contain an Allocation Reporting and Impact Reporting on the allocation and impacts of the Eligible Assets funded by the Sustainability Sukuk Wakalah proceeds. The report which will be published together with KPJ 's Annual Report will be made available to the public on KPJ's corporate website throughout the tenure of the Sustainability Sukuk.
The annual report should include a list of the projects to which Green/Social/Sustainability Bond proceeds have been allocated, as well as a brief description of the projects, the amounts allocated, and their expected impact.	Complied. Refer to assessment of compliance with ASEAN Standards 4.4 on Reporting.	
Where confidentiality agreements, competitive considerations, or a large number of underlying projects limit the amount of detail that can be made available, it is recommended that information be presented in generic terms or on an aggregated portfolio basis (e.g. percentage allocated to certain project categories).	The underlying projects will be determined closer to issuance and KPJ/Issuer will present the information in generic terms or on an aggregated portfolio basis where disclosure of project level information is precluded by competition and confidentiality considerations.	
The use of qualitative performance indicators is recommended and, where feasible, quantitative performance measures and disclosure of the key underlying methodology and/or assumptions used in the quantitative determination.	KPJ intends to report on a range of environmental and social impact indicators for Eligible Assets funded with the sukuk in the Sustainability Sukuk Report.	
External Review		
External review providers are encouraged to disclose their credentials and relevant expertise and communicate clearly the scope of the review(s) conducted.	The disclosures will be made in MARC Ratings' external review report.	
Issuers should make external reviews publicly available on their website and/or through any other accessible communication channel as appropriate.	KPJ has committed to make the external review publicly available on its website.	

THE UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS



GOAL 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

2 ZEBO HUNDER **GOAL 2:** End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture



GOAL 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages



GOAL 4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all



GOAL 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



GOAL 6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all



GOAL 7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all



GOAL 8: Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



GOAL 9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation



GOAL 10: Reduce inequality within and among countries



GOAL 11: Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



GOAL 12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns



GOAL 13: Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts



GOAL 14: Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development



GOAL 15: Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss



GOAL 16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels



GOAL 17: Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development

A Green Bond Assessment, Social Bond Assessment or Sustainability Bond Assessment, hereafter collectively referred to as Impact Bond Assessments, is not a credit rating. This assessment is arrived based on the Impact Bond Assessment (IBA) criteria that MARC Ratings has published and continuously evaluates and updates. The IBA may be changed or withdrawn at any time for any reason in the sole discretion of MARC Ratings. IBAs are not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold any security. IBAs do not comment on the adequacy of market price or the suitability of any security for a particular investor. The IBA does not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security and/or investment. MARC Ratings receives fees from issuers, insurers, guarantors, other obligors, and underwriters for rating securities.

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